

S. TEKRIWAL & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Acme Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Acme Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Directors' Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that a part and fair view of the financial

position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal contro;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for
 expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system with
 reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
 conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we
 conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the
 related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our
 opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
 However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
manner that achieves fair presentation.

10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 11. Based on our audit we report that the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the Company since the Company is not a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) is not applicable.
- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. As required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
 - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act:
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) The adverse remark relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
 - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2024 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2024;
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024;

- (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as ίV. disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year ٧İ. commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except for instances mentioned below. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with where such feature was enabled.

Nature of exception noted	Details of Exception
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account for which the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.	software SAP S/4 HANA (Database -

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 24088262BKASUJ4741

Place: New Delhi Date: 11 May, 2024 Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

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In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment under which the assets are physically verified in a phased manner over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties comprises of freehold land as disclosed under property, plant and equipment in the financial statements, which have been pledged as security towards loan availed by the Company, are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Further, the Company does not hold any intangible assets and Right of Use assets.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a)The Company does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during any point of time of the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) (a) The Company has provided loans or guarantees to others as per details given below:

Particulars	Loans (Rs. In million)	Guarantees (Rs. In million)
Aggregate amount during the year -Others	109.69	-1,492.03
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date -Others	1,677*	20,190.19**

*Includes accrued interest balance as at balance sheet date

**represents co-guarantees given by the Company along with fellow subsidiaries, forming part of Restricted Group, as disclosed in note 30 to the accompanying financial statements

(b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the guarantees provided and terms and conditions of the grant of all loans are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

- (c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and principal amount is not due for repayment currently, however, the receipt of the interest is regular.
- (d) There is no overdue amount in respect of loans granted to such other parties.

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(e) The Company has granted loans which had fallen due during the year and such loans were extended during the year. The detail of the same has been given below:

(Rs. in million)

Name of the party	Total loan amount granted during the year	Aggregate amount of overdues of existing loans renewed or extended or settled by fresh loans	Nature of extension (i.e., renewed/ extended/fresh loan provided)	Percentage of the aggregate to the total loans or advances in the nature of loans granted during the year
ACME Solar Holding Private Limited	795.50	795.50	Extended by five years	52.19%

- (f) The Company not has granted loans which are repayable on demand.
- (iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 of the Act. As the Company is engaged in providing infrastructural facilities as specified in Schedule VI of the Act, provisions of section 186 except sub-section (1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 186 in respect of investments, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/business activity. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub clause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.

- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of term loans during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any funds on short term basis during the year or in any previous year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix) (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
 - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the Act.
- (xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, Section 138 of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any noncash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash loss in the current as well as the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any unspent amount in respect of any ongoing or other than ongoing project as at the expiry of the financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612 L&4

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 24088262BKASUJ4141

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Place: New Delhi Date: 11 May, 2024 Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Acme Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of Acme Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management for Internal Financial Controls

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2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 24088262BKASUJ4744ed Ac

Place: New Delhi Date: 11 May, 2024 .

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Assets			
Non current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	972.83	1,017.48
Financial assets			
Loans	4	1,524.23	509.05
Other financial assets	, 5	0.16	0.15
Deferred tax assets (net)	6	279.85	184,89
Non current tax assets (net)	7 _	4.52	
Total non current assets		2,781.59	1,719.40
Current assets		•	
inancial assets			
Trade receivables	8	36.17	31.17
Cash and cash equivalents	9	3.42	3.27
Other bank balances	10	418.92	303.43
Loans	11	-	930.80
Other financial assets	12	152.80	71,22
Other current assets	13	. 0.86	0.99
Cotal current assets		612.17	1,340.88
otal assets		3,393.76	3,060.28
7 To 110 1 10 d			
quity and liabilities			
quity		50.00	
quity share capital ther equity	14 15	79.99	79.99
tues equity	12 -	708.66 788.65	449.52 529.51
		700.03	327,31
on current liabilities			
inancial liabilities			
Long term borrowings	16	979.76	1,026.24
ther non current liabilities	17	1,516.53	1,394.60
rovisions	18 _	0.05	0.01
otal non current liabilities		2,496.34	2,420.85
urrent liabilities			
inancial liabilities			
Short term borrowings	19	70.08	70,80
Trade payables	20		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.01	0.01
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		. -	
Other financial liabilities	21	35.99	36.82
ther current liabilities	22	2.69	2.29
otal current liabilities		108,77	109,92
otal equity and liabilities		3,393.76	3,060,28
			-

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

As per our report of even date attached

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612)

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 11 May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Veer Pratap Director

DIN No. 06887340

Place: Gurugram

Rajesh Sodhi Director

DIN No. 06990425

Place: Gurugram Date: 11 May 2024 Date: 11 May 2024



CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

·		In Rs. million unless otherwise stated		
Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	
Revenue		- 		
Revenue from operations	23	213.99	218.58	
Other income	24	167.63	76.23	
Total revenue		381.62	294.81	
Expenses				
Employee benefits expense	25	1.54	1.12	
Finance costs	26	130.08	133.26	
Depreciation expense	27	44.66	49.21	
Other expenses	28	8.28	11.88	
Total expense		184.56	195.47	
Profit before exceptional items Exceptional Items		197.06	99.34	
Profit before tax		197.06	99.34	
Tax expense				
Current tax expense		32.89	16.5 8	
Deferred tax credit		(94.96)	(53.75)	
Total tax credit		(62.07)	(37.17)	
Profit for the year		259.13	136.51	
Other comprehensive income	•			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss			•	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		0.01	0.13	
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			(0.04)	
Other comprehensive income		0.01	0.09	
Total comprehensive income		259.14	136.60	
Earnings per share	33			
Basic earning per share (in Rs.)		32.40	17.07	
Diluted earning per share (in Rs.)		32.40	17.07	
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information are	1-41			
integral part of financial statements. As per our report of even date attached				

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 11 May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Veer Pratap
Director

DIN No. 06887340

Place: Gurugram Date: 11 May 2024 Rajesh Sodhi Director DIN No. 06990425

Place: Gurugram
Date: 11 May 2024



	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	197.06	99.34
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	44.66	49.21
Finance costs	130.08	133.26
Interest income	(167.63)	(73.41)
Excess provision written back	-	(0.19)
Insurance claim received	-	(2.63)
Operating profit before working capital changes	204.17	205.58
Movement in working capital		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	(5.00)	. 3.91
Decrease in other current and non current assets	0.13	1.51
Increase in trade payables	-	(0.05)
Increase in other current and non current financial liabilities	0.12	4.52
Increase in current and non current provisions	0.05	-
Increase in other current and non current liabilities	122.33	124.20
Cash flows generated from operating activities post working capital changes	321.80	339.67
Income tax paid (net)	(29.34)	(18.90)
Net cash flows generated from operating activities (A)	292.46	320.77
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	109.82	13.94
Investment in fixed deposits	(114.23)	(239.82)
Loan repaid by/ (given to) related parties (net)	(109.66)	`83.00 [´]
Net cash flows used in investing activities (B)	(114.08)	(142.88)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES*	•	
Repayment of non convertible debenture	(73.81)	(67.96)
Finance costs paid	(104.42)	(109.25)
Net cash flows used in financing activities (C)	(178.23)	(177.21)
T	A 15	0.70
Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	0.15	0.68
Cash and cash equivalents at the begining of the year	3.27	2.59
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3.42	3.27

*refer note 36 for reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of

financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 11 May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Veer Pratap Director

1-41

DIN No. 06887340

Place: Gurugram Date: 11 May 2024 Rajesh Sodhi

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

Director DIN No. 06990425

Place: Gurugram
Date: 11 May 2024



CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

A Equity share capital

Particulars	Balance as at 1 April 2022	Issue of equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2023	Issue of equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2024
Equity share capital	79.99		79.99	-	79.99
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Particulars	Reserve and	i surplus		
	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Total	
Balance as at 1 April 2022	727.51	(414.59)	312,92	
Profit for the year	-	136.51	136.51	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		0.09	0.09	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	727.51	(277,99)	449.52	
Profit for the year	-	259.13	259.13	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	_	0.01	0.01	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	727.51	(18.85)	708.66	

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For S. Tekriwal & Associates -

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 11 May 2024 1-41

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Veer Pratap

Director

DIN No. 06887340

Place: Gurugram Date: 11 May 2024

Place: Gurugram

Date: 11 May 2024

DIN No. 06990425

Rajesh Sodhi

Director



CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. i) Corporate information

Acme Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated as of 20 March 2009 under Companies Act, 2013. The entity is engaged in the business of establishing, commissioning, setting up, operating and maintaining power generation using solar, fossil and alternate source of energy and act as owners, manufacturing, engineers, procurers, buyers, sellers, distributors, dealers and contractors for setting up of power plant using glass bases mirrors, photo voltaic, boilers, turbines and/or other equipments for generating, distribution and supplying of electricity and other products using solar, fossil and alternate source of energy under conditions of direct ownership or through its affiliates, associates or subsidiaries.

The Company owns and operates with installed capacity of 15 MW solar power project in the state of Gujarat. The project is intended to sell the power generated, under long term Power Purchase Agreement with Gujarat Urja Vikas Nigam Limited.

During the previous year, the Company and 11 fellow subsidiaries [ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited, ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Magadh Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Nalanda Solar Power Private Limited, Nirosha Power Private Limited, ACME PV Powertech Private Limited, ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited, ACME Jodhpur Solar power Private Limited, ACME Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited and ACME Raipur Solar Power Private Limited], collectively referred to as "Restricted Group" had issued INR denominated Non- Convertible Debentures ("INR NCDs") to a Foreign Portfolio Investor, under Voluntary Retention Route as prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India. Such Foreign Portfolio Investor, in turn had issued USD denominated bonds ("FPI Bonds"), that are listed on Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (SGX-ST).

The financial statement have been authorised for issue by the Board of Directors as on 11 May 2024.

ii) Amended Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and interpretations effective during the year

Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments had no impact on the company.

Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments have had an impact on the Company's disclosures of accounting policies, but not on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Company's financial statements.

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction - Amendments to Ind AS 12

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases

This amendment had no impact on the company.

2. Material Accounting Policies

2.01 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and the relevant provisions of the Act. Effective 1 April 2016, the Company has adopted all the Ind AS and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with 1 April 2015 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Refer 1 (ii) above for certain amendments to the standards which have become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023.

The financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest million except when otherwise indicated,

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on a going concern basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair value.

2.02 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

2.03 Operating cycle

Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

2.04 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflacts the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Sale of power

Revenue from supply of power is recognised net of any cash rebates when the power is supplied and units of electricity are delivered as it best depicts the value of the customer and complete satisfaction of performance obligation.

Revenue from sale of power is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the fee is fixed or determinable, solar energy kilowatts are supplied and collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue is based on the solar energy kilowatts actually supplied to customers multiplied by the rate per kilowatt hour agreed to in the respective power purchase agreement (PPAs). The solar energy kilowatts supplied by the Company are validated by the customer prior to billing and recognition of revenue.

Where Power Purchase Agreement's (PPAs) include scheduled rate changes, revenue is recognized at lower of the amount billed or by applying the average rate to the energy output estimated over the term of the PPA. The determination of the lesser amount is undertaken annually based on the cumulative amount that would have been recognized had each method been consistently applied from the beginning of the contract term. The Company estimates the total kilowatt hour units expected to be generated over the entire term of the PPA. The contractual rates are applied to this annual estimate to determine the total estimated revenue over the term of the PPA. The Company then uses the total estimated revenue and the total estimated kilo-watt hours to compute the average rate used to record revenue on the actual energy output supplied. The difference between actual billing and revenue recognised is recorded as unearned revenue.

Interest income

interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortized cost of the financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the Statement of profit or loss.

2.05 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs

2.06 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipments are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of items of the property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discount and rebate, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying property, plant and equipments upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Whenever significant parts of the property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised based on the cost of assets (other than freehold land) using the straight-line method. The useful life of property, plant and equipment is considered based on life prescribed in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in case of power plant assets, where the depreciation is charged on the basis of the relevant tariff regulations based on technical assessment, taking into account the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the assets, the operating condition of the assets, anticipated technical changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support. The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

2.07 Impairment of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. All individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's (or cash-generating unit's) carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The date used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Company's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and asset-specific risk factors.

Impairment losses are charged in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Further, impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount. The reversal is limited so that the carrying of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as an increase in revaluation.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

2.08 Financial instruments

Recognition, initial measurement and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and, except for trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component, these are measured initially at

- a) fair value, in case of financial instruments subsequently carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- b) fair value adjusted for transaction costs, in case of all other financial instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when the underlying obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described below

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- · Financial assets at amortised cost
- · Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- · Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

(1) Financial assets at amortised cost

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

A 'Financial assets' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets carried at amortised cost.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.

Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

The Company applies simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Other fianncials assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, life time impairment loss is provided otherwise provides for 12 month expected credit losses.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, cross currency rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of contract. On the issuance of compound financial instruments, the fair value of liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost (net of transaction costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The equity component is classified under other equity.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured initially as well as at the end of each reporting date at fair value, recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI).

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payment of principal and interest.

(3) Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

2.09 Income taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year. The amount of current tax payable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria is met. Current Income tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity as the case may be.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and tax base i.e amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation, deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. A deferred tax liability is recognised in respect of taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss either in comprehensive income or in equity. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments maturing within 3 months from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalent are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

2.11 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligations as a whole. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

Any reimbursement that the Company is virtually certain to collect from a third party with respect to the obligation is recognised as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resource is remote.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed by way of note unless the possibility of outflow is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized

2.12 Employee benefits expense

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for salaries and wages, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salaries and wages, short-term bonus, pension, incentives etc. These are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Post-employment benefits plans

The Company provides post-employment benefits through various defined contribution and defined benefit plans.

Defined contribution plans

The Company pays fixed contribution into independent entities in relation to several state plans and insurances for individual employees. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay contributions in addition to its fixed contributions, which are recognised as an expense in the period that related employee services are received.

Defined benefit plans

Under the Company's defined benefit plans, the amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service and final salary. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Company, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside. Plan assets may include assets specifically designated to a long-term benefit fund as well as qualifying insurance policies.

The liability recognised in the balance sheet for defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets.

Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in other comprehensive income.

Service cost of the Company's defined benefit plan is included in employee benefits expense. Employee contributions, all of which are independent of the number of years of service, are treated as a reduction of service cost. Net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability is included in the statement of profit and loss. Gains and losses resulting from re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability are included in other comprehensive income.

2.13 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

When preparing the financial statement, management makes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Provision for income tax and deferred tax assets

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

Useful lives of depreciable assets

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Fair value measurement

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

2.14 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.15 Amendment to Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended 31st March, 2024 MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

3 Property, plant and equipment

Details of entity's property, plant and equipment and their carrying amounts are as follows:

				In Rs. million unless	otherwise stated
Particulars	Freehold land^	Building	Plant and equipment	Office equipment	Total
Gross block					
Balance as at 1 April 2022	65.54	10.60	2,407,47	1.32	2,484.93
Addition during the year	-	-	´. <u>-</u>		2,101.55
Balance as at 31 March 2023	65.54	10.60	2,407.47	1,32	2,484.93
Addition during the year	-	- '			-,.01.55
Balance as at 31 March 2024	65.54	10.60	2,407.47	1.32	2,484.93
Accumulated depreciation		-			_ _
Balance as at 1 April 2022	•	8.73	1,408.19	1.32	1,418.24
Depreciation charge for the year	_	1.06	48.15	-	49.21
Balance as at 31 March 2023	-	9.79	1,456.34	1.32	1,467.45
Depreciation charge for the year*	-	0.81	43.84	-	44.65
Balance as at 31 March 2024		10.60	1,500.18	1.32	1,512.10
Net block			-		
Balance as at 31 March 2023	65.54	0.81	951.13		1,017.48
Balance as at 31 March 2024	65.54		907.29	-	972.83

[^]The title deeds of all the freehold land are in the name of the Company and are pledged with the bank.

*During the Current Year 2023-24, as a part of its annual exercise of review of estimates, the Company conducted an operational efficiency review of its solar plants. The Company engaged with an expert for the review of useful life, salvage value. Basis the study, with effect from 01 April 2023 the expected useful life of solar power plants has been revised from 25 years to 30 years along with revision in residual value from 10% to 5% at the end of useful life. Further, though there is no contractual obligation, the company has considered a constructive obligation, being a green energy company with its commitment towards environment. These changes have been considered as change in estimate as per Ind AS 8 (Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors) and have been accounted for prospectively. The impact of above changes in income statement current and future periods is as follows:

Particulars Particulars Particulars	For the year	For the year ended			
	ended 31st	Expected amount of the effect in future perio			
	March 2024	31st March 2025	31st March 2026	31st March 2027	
Impact on Financial statement Profit and Loss					
Decrease in depreciation expense*	(4.31)	(4.31)	(4.31)	(4.31)	
Increase in Deferred tax expense	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.26	
Impact on Financial statement Balance sheet			<u> </u>		
Increase in Property, plant and equipment	4.31	8.62	12.93	17.24	
Increase in deferred tax liablity	(1.26)	(2.52)			

^{*} Expected amount of the effect in future periods on depreciation and deferred costs expense is computed without considering any changes for expected capitalisation, tax rate etc.





^{*}refer note 35 for details of assets pledged

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

	In Rs. million unless otherwise stat		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
4 Loans - non current Loans to related party - unsecured			
Considered good*	1,524.23	509.05	
	1,524.23	509.05	

*Loan given to ACME Solar Holding Private Limited amounting to Rs. 690.23 million (31 March 2023: 509.05 million) and Rs. 795.50 million (31 March 2023: Rs nil) is chargeable to interest @ 9.50 % with the tenure of 15 years and 5 years respectively, beginning from the date of disbursal of first tranche. Principal will be repaid in one bullet installment at the end of the tenure and interest is payable on yearly basis. (Refer Note 30)

*All other loans given amounting to Rs. 38.50 million (31 March 2023 Rs. nil) is chargeable to interest @ 9.50% p.a and Principal will be repayable after 5 years w.e.f. 01 April 2023 and interest is payable on yearly basis. (Refer Note 30)

5 Other financial assets - non current

Fixed deposits with banks having maturity beyond 12 months	0.16 0.16	0.15 0.15
6 Deferred tax assets (net)		
Deferred tax assets arising on:		
Employees benefits	0.02	0.01
Deferred income	374.55	339.05
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses		
Minimum alternate tax	111.85	78.95
Deferred tax liabilities arising on:		
Employees benefits		
Property, plant and equipment	(206.57)	(233.12)
Deferred tax assets (net)	279.85	184.89

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

Particulars (2023-24)	As at 1 April 2023	Credit recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Assets		····		
Employees benefits	0.01	0.01	_	0.02
Deferred income	339.05	35.50	<u>-</u>	374.55
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	_	-	-	_
Minimum alternate tax credit	78.95	32.90	_	111.85
Liabilities				111.02
Property, plant and equipment	(233.12)	26.55	-	(206.57)
Total	184.89	94.96	-	279.85





ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

Particulars (2022-23)	As at 1 April 2022	Credit recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2023
Assets				
Employees benefits	0.03	0.02	(0.04)	0.01
Deferred income	303.10	35.95	-	339.05
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses		-		
Minimum alternate tax credit	62.12	16.83	-	78.95
Liabilities				
Property, plant and equipment	(234.07)	0.95		. (233.12)
Total	131.18	53.75	(0.04)	184.89

Effective tax reconciliation	In Rs. million unl	less otherwise stated
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Profit/ (loss) before tax	197.06	99.34
Applicable tax rate	29.12%	29.12%
Expected tax expense/ (credit) [A]	57.38	28.93
Expenses not considered in determining taxable profit	-	0.04
Reversal during tax holiday period	(14.34)	12.10
Exempt under 80IA	(105.11)	(77.94)
Others	•	(0.30)
Total adjustments [B]	(119.45)	(66.10)
Actual tax credit [C=A+B]	(62.07)	(37.17)
Total tax incidence	(62.07)	(37.17)
Tax credit recognized in statement of profit and loss [D]	(62.07)	(37.17)

*Pursuant to the Taxation Law (Amendment) Act, 2019 effective 1 April 2019, domestic companies have the option to pay corporate income tax at the lower rate ('new tax regime"), subject to certain conditions. As at 31 March 2024, considering that the Company has unutilised balance of MAT credit, the Company has decided to continue to be taxed as per normal provisions of Income tax Act, 1961. The Company intends to move to new tax regime post utilisation of carry forward tax credit.





CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

							In Rs. million unle	ss otherwise state
_						<u></u>	As at	As at
Particulars		_					31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non current tax assets (net)							4	2 00
Advance tax (net of provision)							4.52	7.83
							4.52	7,83
Frade recievables							26.17	21.15
Unsecured, considered good*							36.17 36.17	31.17 31.17
Trade receivable ageing schedu	ile as at 31 Marc	ch 2024 and 3	31 March 2023				In Rs. million unles	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Outsta	nding for follow	ving periods f	rom the due da	te of paymen		
31 March 2024	Unbilled Revenue	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivable								26.15
Considered good	36.17	-	-	-	-	-	, -	36.17
Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Disputed trade receivable								
Considered goods	-		-	-	-	- ,	-	. •
Credit impaired	-					<u>-</u>		36,1
Total trade receivable	36.17		<u> </u>		 _		-	30.1
			Outstanding fo	r following no	riods from the	due date of	payment	
31 March 2023	Unbilled Revenue	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivable		_						
Considered good	31.17	_	-	-	-	-	-	31.1
Credit impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivable								
Considered goods	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit impaired	-					-		
Total trade receivable	31.17	<u> </u>						31.1
* Includes unbilled revenue of R	s. 36.17 million (31 March 202	23: Rs. 31.17 mi	llion)				
	•					1 =		
Cash and cash equivalents							3.42	3.2
Balances with bank - current acc	ounts						3.42	3.2
Other best belower								
Other bank balances Fixed deposits with remaining m	aturity more than	3 months an	d less than 12 m	onths*			418.92	303.4
rixed deposits with remaining m	iaturity more than	יווא פווחווחוו כיו	d 1035 than 12 H	-Virillo	•		418.92	303.43
*Fixed deposits of Rs. 0.51 milli	on (31 March 20	23 : Rs. 0.48 1	million) has bee	n used as colla	teral for bank g	gaurantees.		
Loans						•		
Unsecured-considered goods								
Loans to related parties (refer no	te 30)#*				×			930.8
	,							930.80

#Loans to ACME Solar Holding Private Limited of Rs. Nil (31 March 2023, 110.00 million) are chargeable to interest @ 9.50 % p.a. and repayable within 12 months and loan of Rs. Nil (31 March 2023; Rs. 795.53 million) are interest free loan and receivable on demand. (Refer note 30)

These are interest free and recoverable on demand (Refer note 30)

^{*} Inclusive of accrued interest of nil (31 March 2023: Rs. 25.27 million).





ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

Loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoter, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are repayable on demand.

As at 31 March 2024	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated		
Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans	
Promoter		•	
Directors	-	-	
KMPs	-	-	
Related parties	<u> </u>	· · · · ·	
As at 31 March 2023			
Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans	
Promoter	-	-	
Directors	-	-	
KMPs	-		
Related parties	795.53	56.24%	
	In Rs. million unle	ss otherwise stated	
Particulars	As at	As at	
rariiculars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Other financial assets-current			
Interest accrued on long term loan to related party (refer note 30)	152.77	71.19	
Security deposits	0.03	0.03	
• •	152.80	71.22	
Other current assets			
Advance to vendors	0.01	0.09	
Prepaid expenses	0.85	0.90	
- cake aLamana	0.86	0.99	





CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

14 Equity share capital

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated As at 31 March 2024 As at 31 March 2023 **Particulars** Number of shares Number of shares Amount Amount Authorised 8,000,000 80.00 80,000,000 800.00 7,998,657 79.99 7,998,657 79.99 Issued and subscribed and fully paid up 7,998,657 79.99 7,998,657 79.99 Total

1. Reconciliation of equity capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

		otherwise stated			
Particulars	For the yea 31 March		For the year ended 31 March 2023		
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	
At the beginning of the year	7,998,657	79.99	7,998,657	79.99	
Issued during the year	-	-	• -	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	7,998,657	79.99	7,998,657	79.99	

2. Shares held by holding Company

Particulars	As at 31 Mai	ch 2024	As at 31 Mar	As at 31 March 2023	
Farticulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares Amount		
ACME Solar Energy Private Limited*	7,998,657	79.99	7,998,657	79.99	

^{*}including shares held by nominee shareholder

3. Number of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31 Ma	rch 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
rariculars	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding
ACME Solar Energy Private Limited	7,998,657	100%	7,998,657	100%

4. Shareholding of promoter

Shareholding of promoter is as follows:

		- 9/ Change duving			
Promoter Name	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 Ma	- % Change during	
	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding	— the year
ACME Solar Energy Private Limited	7,998,657	100%	7,998,657	100%	0%

5. Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholder.

6. Details of shares issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, alloted as fully paid up by way of bonus issues and brought back during the last 5 years for each class of shares

The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash, alloted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares nor has there been any buy-back of shares in the current year and immediately preceeding five years.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

	In Rs. million unl	ess otherwise stated
Particulars	As at	As at
T REFITCULATE	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
15 Other equity	·	
Securities premium		
Opening balance	727.51	727.51
Share capital issued during the year	· _	-
Balances at the end of the year	727.51	727.51
Retained carnings		
Opening balance	(277.99)	(414.59)
Net profit during the year	259.13	136.51
Remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligation during the year	0.01	0.13
Tax effect on remeasurement during the year	_	(0.04)
Balances at the end of the year	(18.85)	(277.99)
Total other equity	708.66	449.52

Securities premium

Securities premium represents premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act,

Retained earnings

All the profits or losses made by the Company are transferred to retained earnings from Statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurment of defined benefit plans

This represents the actuarial gains/losses recognised in other comprehensive income.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

Secured		In Rs. million unles	
Secured No convertible debentures* 979.76 1,026. *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings **Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings 1,516.53 1,304. Chief note 31 for terms of borrowings 1,516.53 1,304. Provision for employee benefits 0.03 0.0 Provision for grantity* 0.03 0.0 Provision for compleasted absences 0.05 0.05 *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings *Trade payable *Due to moto conternities of long term borrowings *	Particulars	•	As at 31 March 202
Non convertible debentures* 979.76 1,026. *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings	Long terms borrowings		
Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Other non current liabilities Unearned revenue 1,516.53 1,394. Provisions Provision for employee benefits Provision for gramity* Provision for gramity* Provision for compensated absences Provision for terms of contents absence	· · · · ·		
Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Other nos current liabilities Unearned revenue 1,516.53 1,394. 1,394. Provisions Provisions Provision for employee benefits Provision for gratuity 0.03 0.02 - Provision for gratuity* 0.03 0.02 - Provision for compensated absences 0.05 0.05 *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Short term borrowings Secured Current maturities of long term borrowings Non convertible debentures** 70.08 70	Non convertible debentures*		
Unearned revenue 1,516.53 1,394. Provisions Provision for employee benefits Provision for gratuity* 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	·	979.76	1,026.2
Provisions Provision for employee benefits Provision for gratuity* Provision for compensated absences Provision for gratuity* Provision for emperatual absences* P	*Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings		
Provision for employee benefits Provision for remployee benefits Provision for gratuity* Provision for compensated absences Provision for terms of borrowings Provision for compensated absences Provision for compensated Provision for Provision Pro	Other non current liabilities		
Provisions Provision for gratuity* Provision for gratuity* Provision for comployee benefits Provision for compensated absences Provision for compensated abs	Unearned revenue		
Provision for employee benefits Provision for gratuity* Provision for gratuity* Provision for compensated absences *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Short term borrowings *Secured Current maturities of long term borrowing Non convertible debentures** *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, until such date when the interest the account 2 of the MSMED Act, 2006 The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006 The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	•	1,516.53	1,394.6
Provision for employee benefits Provision for gratuity* Provision for gratuity* Provision for compensated absences *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Short term borrowings *Secured Current maturities of long term borrowing Non convertible debentures** *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, until such date when the interest the account 2 of the MSMED Act, 2006 The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006 The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	Descriptions.		
Provision for gratuity* Provision for compensated absences *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Short term borrowings Secured Current maturities of long term borrowing Non convertible debentures** *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others 0.01			
*Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. *Refer note 31 for terms borrowings *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings *Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others *Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006 **Refer note 32 for the MSMED Act, 2006 **Refer note 32 for the MSMED Act, 2006 **The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		0.03	0.0
*Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure. Short term borrowings Secured Current maturities of long term borrowing Non convertible debentures** *Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others Note: Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of furterest remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006 **Refer note 32 for the MSMED Act, 2006 **The amount of furters tremaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest termaining due and payable oven in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest cone 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		0.02	-
Short term borrowings Secured Current maturities of long term borrowing Non convertible debentures*** Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others O.0.01 Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of further interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006 the MSMED Act, 2006 The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006 the MSMED Act, 2006	Provision for compensated absences	0.05	0.0
Secured Current maturities of long term borrowing Non convertible debentures** * Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of further interest remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006 **Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings **O,01	*Refer note 32 for employee benefit disclosure.	·	
Secured Current maturities of long term borrowing Non convertible debentures** * Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of further interest remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006 **Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings **O,01	Short term borrowings		
Current maturities of long term borrowing Non convertible debentures** * Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others * O.01 Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of further interest remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		· ·	
*Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006			
*Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others 0.01 0.01 0.01 Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006			70.8
Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others 0.01 0.01 0.01 Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	70.08	70.8
Due to others 0.01 0.0	* Refer note 31 for terms of borrowings		
Due to others 0.01 0.0	Trade payables		
Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount of further interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		0.01	0.0
Note:- Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006			
Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'): The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		0.01	0.0
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	Note:-		
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'):		
accounting year The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each	0.01	0.0
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006			
the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	the supplier beyond the annointed day during accounting year		
beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		_	_
2006. The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of uciny in making payable of under the MSMED Act.		×.
The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006			
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		_	_
interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	The amount it interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and	- -	_
expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, third such date when the	-	
	interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the pulpose of disahowance as a deduction		
	expenditure under section 23 of the MisMED Act, 2000	200	0.0

The above information regarding dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006 has been determined to the extend identified and information available with the Company pursuant to Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

Trade payable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023

					In Rs. million unless	otherwise stated
•	Outst	tanding for follo	wing periods fi	rom the due dat	e of payment	
31 March 2024	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed dues - MSME*	-	0.01		-	-	0.01
Undisputed dues - Others	-	_	_	-	•	_
Disputed dues - MSME	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others		_	-	· -	_	_
Total trade payables		0.01	-	-	-	0.01

	Outst	Outstanding for following periods from the due date of payment				
31 March 2023	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed dues - MSME	0.01	-	-		-	0.01
Undisputed dues - Others	•	<u>.</u>	-	_	-	_
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	_
Disputed dues - Others		-	-		=	-
Total trade payables	0.01	-	-			0.01

MSME as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
21 Other financial liabilities			
Interest accrued on Non-convertible debentures	12.76	13.71	
Employee related liabilities	0.17	0.03	
Other financial liabilities	•		
Related party (Refer Note30)	22.30	22.22	
Others	0.76	0.86	
	35.99	36.82	
22 Other current liabilities			
Statutory dues	2.69	2.29	
	2.69	2.29	





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

	In Rs. million	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated			
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023			
Revenue from operations					
Sale of electricity	213.99	218.58			
220 31 513 313 313	213.99	218.58			
Other income					
Interest income					
Bank deposits	25.73	9.58			
Loans to related parties (Refer Note 30)	141.66	63.77			
Others	0.24	0.06			
Insurance claim received	<u>.</u>	2.63			
Excess provisions written back		, 0.19			
	167.63	76.23			

a) Disaggregation of revenue

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers:

	In Rs. million	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated			
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023			
Revenue from contracts with customers					
Based on nature of goods/services					
Sale of electricity	213.99	218.58			
Total revenue	213.99	218,58			

b) Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contract with customers:

	In Rs. million	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated			
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023			
Receivables					
Trade receivables	· -	-			
Unbilled revenue for passage of time	36.17	31.17			
Less : loss allowance		<u> </u>			
Total receivables (a)	36.17	31,17			
Contract assets					
Unbilled revenue other than passage of time	·	. •			
Total contract assets (b)					
Contract liabilities					
Advance from customer					
Total contract liabilities (ç)		<u> </u>			
Total (a+b-c)	36.17	31.17			

Contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. Contract liability is the entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration from the customer in advance. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of consideration is due and the amount is billable. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue as and when the performance obligation is satisfied.

There are no contract assets and the contract liabilities during the current year (31 March 2023: nil), therefore disclosure regarding significant changes in contract assets and contract liabilities have not been furnished.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

c) Performance obligation

The Company's performance obligation is satisfied at a point of time when the units of electricity are delivered as per the terms of the agreement with the customer.

d) Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

	In Rs million	unless otherwise stated	
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	
Revenue as per contract	235.57	350.32	
Adjustments:			
Cash rebate	(4.29)	(3.86)	
Deferred revenue	(12.58)	(123.45)	
Other adjustments	(4.71)	. (4.43)	
Revenue from contract with customers	213.99	218.58	

e) Transaction price - remaining performance obligation

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts as the revenue recognised corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed till the reporting period.

f) There is no significant estimate involved in the recognition of revenue from contract.

25 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	1.45	1.06
Contribution to provident and other funds	0.09	0.06
	1.54	1.12
26 Finance costs		
Interest on		
Non convertible debenture	103.23	108.13
Interest on delayed payment of taxes	-	0.01
Amortisation of ancillary cost of borrowings	26.61	24.88
Other borrowing cost	0,24	0.24
	130.08	133.26
27 Described a second		
27 Depreciation expense		
Depreciation expense	44.66	49.21
	44.66	49.21
28 Other expense		
Operation and maintenance expenses	5.92	6.12
Repairs and maintenance - plant and equipment	0.01	3.21
Rates and taxes	0.28	0.53
Insurance	1.33	1.50
Legal and professional fees	0.32	0.42
Payment to auditors (refer note a below)	0.12	0.10
Corporate social responsibility	0.28	-
Miscellaneous expenses	0.02	_
•	8.28	11.88
Note:-		
a) payment to auditors (inclusive of taxes) as		
auditors	0.12	0.10
	0.12	0.10
	0.12	V.10





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

29 Financial instruments

(i) Fair value hierarchy

There are no financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value in these financial statements.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated Financial instruments by category 31 March 2023 31 March 2024 **Particulars** FVTPL* Amortised cost Amortised cost Financial assets 1,439.85 1.524.23 Loans 152.96 71.37 Other financial assets 31.17 36.17 Trade receivable 3.27 3.42 Cash and cash equivalents 303.43 418.92 Other bank balances 2,135.70 1,849.09 Total financial assets

1.049.84

1,085.84

35.99

0.01

*Fair value through profit and loss

The amortised cost of the financial assets and liabilities approximate to the fair value on the respective reporting dates.

(iii) Risk management

Borrowings

Trade payables

Financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities

Total financial liabilities

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the Company is exposed to and how the Company manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Trade receivables, Cash and cash equivalents, other bank	12 month expected credit loss
	balances, loans and other financial assets	l

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, there have been no defaults on financial assets of the Company by the counterparty. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. There have been no cases of write off with the Company.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

1,097.04

1,133.87

36.82

0.01

Credit rating	Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans and other financial assets	2,135.70	1,849.09





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

b) Credit risk exposure

(i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets -

31 March 2024

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	3.42	•	3.42
Other bank balances	418.92	-	418.92
Loans	1,524.23		1,524.23
Trade receivables	36.17	-	36.17
Other financial assets	152.96	-	152.96

31 March 2023

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	3.27	•	3.27
Other bank balances	303.43	-	303.43
Loans	1,439.85	-	1,439.85
Trade receivables	31.17	-	31,17
Other financial assets	71.37	<u>-</u>	71.37

The Company's major trade receivables and unbilled revenue are only with government owned counterparty and are recovered as per the terms of the power purchase agreement. Therefore, these trade receivables and unbilled revenue are considered high quality and accordingly no life time expected credit losses are recognised on such receivables based on simplified approach. Any provisions against such receivables are for liquidated damages and not related to credit worthiness of the counterparty. The Company considers that trade receivables are not credit impaired as these are receivable from Government undertaking.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

The Company has given loans to group entities and the credit risk in relation to such loans has been assessed as negligible.

(B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the Company operates.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments, where applicable.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

31 March 2024	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings (Non convertible debentures including interest)	-	183.75	1,177.20	-	1,360.95
Trade payables	-	0.01	- 1	-	0.01
Other financial liabilities	=	23.23	-		23.23
Total	_	206.99	1,177.20	_	1,384.19

31 March 2023	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Non convertible debenture	-	189.58	1,342.05	-	1,531.63
Trade payables	-	0.01	-	-	0.01
Other financial liabilities	-	23.11	-		23.11
Total	-	212.70	1,342.05	·	1,554.75

The gross outflows disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to financial liabilities held for risk management purposes and which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

(C) Market risk

a) Foreign exchange risk

The company does not have any foreign exchange risk as there are no foreign currency transactions.

b) Interest rate risk

i) Liabilities

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. The Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:In Rs million unless otherwise statedParticulars31 March 202431 March 2023Fixed rate borrowing1,049.841,097.04Total borrowings1,049.841,097.04

ii) Assets

The Company's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

 Below is the overall exposure of the deposits:
 In Rs million unless otherwise stated

 Particulars
 31 March 2024
 31 March 2023

 Fixed rate deposits
 419.08
 303.58

 Total deposits
 419.08
 303.58

The Company does not have any interest rate risk on these fixed deposits.

The Company has given loans to group entities with fixed rate of interest. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk.

c) Price risk

The Company does not have any other price risk than interest rate risk as disclosed above.

Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Borrowings	1,049.84	1,097.04
Trade payables	0.01	0.01
Other financial liabilities	35.99	36.82
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	3.42	3.27
Less: Other bank balances	418.92	303.43
Net debf	663.50	827.17
Equity	788.65	529.51
Total equity	788.65	529.51
Capital and net debt	1,452.15	1,356.68
Gearing ratio (%)	45.69%	60.97%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants and attached to the interest bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings.





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

30 Related parties

I List of related parties as per the requirements of Ind-AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

Ultimate Holding Company

MKU Holdings Private Limited

Intermediate Holding Company

ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited

ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited

Holding Company

ACME Solar Energy Private Limited

Fellow Subsidiaries (with whom transactions have been made)

Mihit Solar Power Private Limited (upto 03 January 2024)

ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited

ACME PV Powertech Private Limited

ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited

ACME Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited

ACME Raipur Solar Power Private Limited

ACME Magadh Solar Power Private Limited

ACME Nalanada Solar Power Private Limited

Nirosha Power Private Limited

ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited

ACME Mahabubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited

ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited

II Transactions with related parties and outstanding year end balances

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

S. No.	Particular	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended
	Transaction with Related Parties		Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Others	31 March 2023 Others
1	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company				
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	-	3.17		_
	ACME Solar Energy Private Limited	13.03	· -	-	_
	ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	0.17	0.13	-	.
2	Operation and maintenance expense ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	4.95	~ 5,35	-	· ·
4	Receipt of loan given ACME PV Powertech Private Limited		-	-	178.00
5	Loans to related parties given				
	ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	71.19	- 1	_	_
	ACME PV Powertech Private Limited	-	_	_	95.00
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	1.70	52.00
	ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited	-	-	36.80	÷
6	Interest on inter company deposit		,		
	ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited	_		0.57	
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited	_		0.03	
	ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	141.07	58.81	-	_
	ACME PV Powertech Private Limited				4.96





Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

		·			inless otherwise stated
S.	Particular	As at	As at	As at	As at
No.	I AI UCUIAI	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(B)	Outstanding balances - year end	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Others	Others
1	Related party payables				
1 1	Mihit Solar Power Private Limited	_	_	_	13.03
	ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	0.71	0.54	_	15:05
	ACME Solar Energy Private Limited	13.11	0.09	_	_
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited	15.11		0.03	0.03
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	8.45	8.54	-	-
2	Loans to related parties"				
	ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	1,485.73	1,414.54	-	-
	Mihit Solar Power Private Limited	-	· _	-	0.03
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited	, -		1.70	-
	ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited	-	-	36,80	-
3	Interest accrued on long term loan to related party				
	ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	146.66	90.89	<u> </u>	-
	ACME PV Powertech Private Limited	-	-	5.58	5,58
	ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited	-	-	0.51	-
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	0.02	-
4	Co-guarantee given by fellow subsidiaries forming part of				e e
,	restricted group with respect to non convertible debentures			•	
	of the Company	. V		22221	
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Magadh	-	-	998.94	1,072.76
	Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Nalanda Solar Power	•			
	Private Limited, Nirosha Power Private Limited, ACME PV				
	Powertech Private Limited, ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power				
	Private Limited, ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited,				
	ACME Jodhpur Solar power Private Limited, ACME				
	Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited, ACME Raipur	·			
	Solar Power Private Limited and ACME Solar Energy (Madhya				
	Pradesh) Private Limited				
5	Co-guarantee given by the Company with respect to non				
	convertible debentures of fellow subsidiaries forming part				
	of restricted group				
	ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited	-	-	1,699.29	1,824.87
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	1,748.35	1,877.55
	Acme Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited	,	• -	3,248.87	3,488.96
!	ACME Raipur Solar Power Private Limited	· -	-	1,630.78	1,751.29
	ACME Magadh Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	576.02	618.58
	ACME Nalanada Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	823,85	884.73
	Nirosha Power Private Limited	-		1,813.48	1,947.49
	ACME PV Powertech Private Limited		-	2,885.15	3,098,37
	ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	1,006.55	1,080.93
	ACME Mahabubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited	-	-	1,508.98	1,620.49
	ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited		- [3,248.87	3,488.96

^{*} The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

^{*}The Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting period.





ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

31 T	erms	31 Terms of borrowings	Sign			
	vi	Nature of				Prenavment of loan
	S.	Ioan	Nature of securities	Interest rate	Tenure of repayment	amount
	<u> </u>	Non	Primary security. Bonds from holders are secured. First ranking pari passu charge on:	Effective interest	Non convertible debenture T	debenture The borrower shall be
	<u>ں</u> ۔	Convertible	(a) a first ranking pledge over 51% (fifty-one per cent) of both the equity shares and available CCDs rate is 12.19%	ate is 12.19%	shall be repaid in 5 years entitled to prepay	
	<u> </u>	Debentures	issued by each member of the Restricted Group;	p.a 12,44 %	with repayment starting fa	ā
			(b) a first ranking security over the immovable assets (both present and future) of the Issuer pertaining to p.a. (including	.a. (including	february 20	peether with all interests
			the Project being operated by that Issuer (including leasehold rights, but excluding the Excluded Assets);	withholding	ending in August 2026. The other charges and monies	ther charges and monies
•			(c) a first ranking security over: (i) the moveable assets (tangible and intangible) including goodwill, [ax)olding tax)	ax)olding tax)	premium on redemption of due & payables including	ue & payables including
	_		intellectual property rights and uncalled capital, both present and future, of the Issuer, (ii) the Senior		non convertible debenture redemption premium	edemption premium
			Enforcement Account, and (iii) the Restricted Debt Service Account, (other than the Excluded Assets, the		will be paid at the time of	
_			current assets, cash flows, book debts and receivables of such Issuer);		maturity of these non	
			(d) a first ranking security over the rights of the Issuer under the relevant PPA(s), Insurance policies and		convertible debentures and	
			jouist project documents entered into by such issuer in connection with the Project being operated by that		Interest on non convertible	
					debentures will be paid semi	
			(e) a 11st ranking security over the NCD Escrow Accounts (whether currently in existence or		annually.	
ż			acquired/opened thereafter) maintained by the Issuer in terms of the relevant Trust and Accounts Deed,			•
			together with all cash flows, receivables and other assets and securities which represent all amounts in			
			such accounts and all the moneys, securities, instruments, investments and other properties deposited in,			
			credited to or required to be deposited in or credited to or lying to the credit of such accounts, both			
	-		present and future;		٠	
			(f)a second ranking security over the Common Project Accounts maintained by the Issuer in terms of			
			the relevant Trust and Accounts Deed (whether currently in existence or acquired/opened thereafter)			
			(other than the Excluded Assets), together with all cash flows, receivables and other assets and securities			
			which represent all amounts in such accounts and all the moneys, securities, instruments, investments and			
			other properties deposited in, credited to or required to be deposited in or credited to or lying to the credit			
			of such accounts, both present and future; and			
			(g)a second ranking security over the current assets, book debts, cash flows, all receivables and WC			
			Accounts (other than the Excluded Assets) of the Issuer pertaining to or arising from the Project being			
			operated by that Issuer, together with all cash flows, receivables and other assets and securities which			
			represent all amounts in such accounts and all the moneys, securities, instruments, investments and other			
			properties deposited in, credited to or required to be deposited in or credited to or lying to the credit of			
			such WC Accounts, both present and future.			
			The Collateral described in paragraph (a) above is referred to as the "Share Pledge". The Collateral			
			described from paragraphs (b) to (d) above is referred to as the "Issuer Project Security". The Collateral			
_//	1 63	140 140	described in paragraph (e) above is referred to as the "Issuer Exclusive Project Security". The Collateral			
(C)			described in paragraph (1) and (g) above is rejected to as the "Issuer Second Kanking Project Security".	_		

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

32 Employee benefits

Defined contribution

Contributions are made to the recognised provident and family pension fund, cover all eligible employees under applicable Acts. Both the employees and the Company make pre-determined contributions to the provident fund. The contributions are normally based upon a proportion of the employee's salary. The Company has recognized an amount of Rs 0.08 million (31 March 2023: Rs 0.06 million) towards employer's contribution in provident fund and other funds in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Defined benefit obligation

Provision for gratuity, payable to eligible employees on retirement/separation, is based upon an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. The obligations are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as at the balance sheet date. Gains/ losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted in Other Comprehensive Income as identified by the management of the Company.

Other long term employee benefits

Provision for compensated absences, payable to eligible employees on availment/ retirement/ separation, is based upon an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. The obligation are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as at the balance sheet date. Gains/ losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted in Other Comprehensive Income.

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Particulars	Grati	Gratuity	
Talticulars -	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Reconciliation of liability recognised in the Balance sheet:			
Present value of commitments	0.03	0.01	
Fair value of plan assets	-	. -	
Net liability in the balance sheet	0.03	0.01	
Movement in net liability recognised in the Balance sheet:			
Net liability as at the beginning of the year	0.01	0.12	
Net amount recognised as expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss	0.03	0.02	
Remeasurements	(0.01)	(0.13)	
Net liability as at the end of the year	0.03	0.01	
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss			
Current service cost	0.03	0.01	
Interest cost	-	0.01	
Expenses charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss	0.03	0.02	
Component of defined benefit cost recognised in other comprehensive income	0.01	0.13	

Particulars	Grati	Gratuity		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
Reconciliation of defined-benefit commitments:		<u>, </u>		
Obligations as at the beginning of the year	0.01	0.12		
Current service cost	0.03	0.01		
Interest cost	· ~	0.01		
Benefits paid	·-	-		
Remeasurements- Actuarial (gains) / losses	(0.01)	(0.13)		
Obligations as at the end of the year	0.03	0.01		

Breakup of Actuarial (gain) / loss	In Rs. million u	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated		
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
Actuarial (gain)/loss on arising from change in demographic assumption	-	-		
Actuarial (gain)/loss on arising from change in financial assumption	-	-		
Actuarial (gain)/loss on arising from experience adjustment	(0.01)	(0.13)		
Actuarial (gain)/loss on return on assets	- 1			
Total actuarial (gain)/loss	(0.01)	(0.13)		

The actuarial valuation in respect of commitments and expenses relating to unfunded Gratuity are based on the following assumptions which if changed, would affect the commitment's size, funding requirements and expenses:





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

(a) Economic Assumptions

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discount rate	7.22%	7.36%
Expected rate of salary increase	6.00%	6.00%

(b) Demographic Assumptions

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Retirement age	58 years	58 years
Mortality table	Indian Assured Live	Indian Assured Lives
	Mortality (IALM)	Mortality (IALM)
	(2012-14) modified	(2012-14) modified
	Ult	Ult

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawls are not material & hence impact of change not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement & life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.

(d) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Gra	Gratuity		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
0 to 1 Year	-			
1 to 2 Year	-	-		
2 to 3 Year	· -	-		
3 to 4 Year	-	•.		
4 to 5 Year		-		
5 to 6 Year	- (• •		
6 Year onwards	0.03	0.01		

The contribution expected to be made by the Company during the financial year 2024-25 is Rs. 0.05 million (financial year 2023-24: Rs. 0.04 million).





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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

33 Earnings per share

Both the basic and diluted earning per share have been calculated using the profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company as the numerator, i.e. no adjustments to loss were necessary.

The reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earning per share to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earning per share is as follows:

	In Rs million unless otherwise stated		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	
Profit attributable to owners	259.13	136.51	
Number of equity shares	7,998,657	7,998.657	
Weighted average number of shares used in basic earning per share	7,998,657	7,998,657	
Weighted average number of shares used in diluted earning per share	7,998,657	7,998,657	
Basic earning per share (in Rs.)	32.40	17.07	
Diluted earning per share (in Rs.)	32.40	17.07	

34 Contingent liabilities:

		In Rs million ur	nless otherwise stated
Particulars	,	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Co-guarantee issued (refer note 30)		20,190.19	21,682.22
Total		20,190.19	21,682.22

35 Details of assets pledged

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

	In Rs million unless otherwise sta				
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023			
Current					
Trade receivables	36.17	31.17			
Cash and cash equivalents	3.42	3.27			
Other bank balances	418.92	303.43			
Loans	-	930.80			
Other financial assets	152.80	71.22			
Other current assets	0.86	0.99			
Total	612.17	1,340.88			
Non-current					
Property, plant and equipment	972.83	1,017.48			
Loans	1,524.23	509,05			
Other financial assets	0.16	0.15			
Total	2,497.22	1,526,68			

36 Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

In Rs million unless otherwise stated As at Cash flows Non cash changes/ As at Particulars 01 April 2023 **Payments** Interest expenses 31 March 2024 Non convertible debenture 1,097.04 (73.81)26.61 1,049.84 (including current maturities) Interest accrued on borrowings 13.71 (104.42)103.47 12.76 Total liabilities from financial activities 1,110.75 (178.23)130.08 1,062.60

	Ĭn	Rs	million	unless	otherwise	stated
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Particulars	Asat	Cash flows		Non cash changes/	As at
	01 April 2022	Additions	Payments	Interest expenses	31 March 2023
Non convertible debenture	1,140.13	-	(67.96)	24.87	1,097.04
(including current maturities)			` /		7,057.01
Interest accrued on borrowings	14.58	_	(109.25)	108.38	13.71
	1,154.71		(177.21)	133.25	1,110.75





ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

37 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Company uses an accounting software (SAP HANA) for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software. However, the audit trail feature is not enabled at database level for accounting software SAP HANA to log any direct data changes for users with certain privileged access rights. Further there is no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled.

Presently, the log is enabled at the application level and the privileged access to HANA database continues to be restricted to limited set of users who necessarily require this access for maintenance and administration of the database.

38 Additional regulatory disclosure

(A) The following are analytical ratios for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

<u>Particular</u>	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	Variance
(a) Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	5.63	12.20	-53.9%\$
(b) Debt equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholders equity	1.33	2.07	-35.7% *
(c) Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings available	Debt Service	1.90	1.50	27.0%#
	for debt service			1.50	27.070#
(d) Return on equity ratio (%)	Net Profits after	Average Shareholder's	39.3%	29.6%	32.8%#
	taxes - Preference	Equity		27.074	32.07m
	Dividend (if any)				
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	Net Sales	Avg. Inventory	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Nat 4 1'11-
(f) Trade receivable turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales	Avg. Accounts	6.36		Not Applicable
		Receivable & Unbilled	0.50	6.60	-3.7%
		revenue			
(g) Trade payable turnover ratio	Net Sales	Avg. Accounts	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
•		Payables	. (or reprioable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales	Working Capital	0.43	0.18	139.4%\$
(i) Net profit ratio (%)	Net profit	Net sales	121.1%	62.45%	93.9%#
(j) Return on capital employed ratio (%)	Earning before	Capital Employed	17.8%	14.30%	24.4%#
	interest and taxes	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	11.074	14.50/0	24.470#
(k) Return on investment (%)	Income generated	Average invested funds	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
•	from invested funds	in treasury investments			1 tot Applicable

Reasons for variance

- \$ Decrease in current assets in comparision to last year leads to change in the ratio.
- *Decrease in ratio is due to increase decrease in debt and increase in shareholders equity during the year.
- # Increase in net profit during the current year as compared to previous year resulted into improved ratio.





CIN - U40105HR2009PTC038901

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2024

Other explanatory points

- 1 Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.
 - Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments
 - "Net Profit after tax" means reported amount of "Profit / (loss) for the period" and it does not include items of other comprehensive income.
- 2 Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability
- (B) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.
- (C) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.
- (D) The Company has not entered into any transaction which has not been recorded in the books of account, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (E) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- (F) The Company does not have any Benami property and further, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company, in this regard.
- (G) The Company has not entered into any transactions with struck off companies, as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.
- (H) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall;
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries)
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (I) During the current year, the Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

39 Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in the business of sale of electricity. Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews the financial information of the Company as a whole for decision-making and accordingly the Company has a single reportable segment. All the revenue has been billed to a single customer Further, the operations of the Company are limited within one geographical segment. Hence, no further disclosure is required to be made.

40 Certain amounts (currency value or pecentages) shown in the various tables and paragraphs included in the standalone financial statements have been rounded off or truncated as deemed appropriate by company

The Company evaluated events and transactions, which occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the date when financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent event which were required to be disclosed.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 0096

Shishir Tekriwa Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 11 May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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Veer Pratag

Director

DIN No. 06887340

Place: Gurugram

Date: 11 May 2024

DIN No. 06990425

Rajesh Sodhi

Director

Place: Gurugram

Date: 11 May 2024