

# S. TEKRIWAL & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of ACME Dhaulpur Powertech Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ACME Dhaulpur Powertech Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2023. and its profit/loss (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Directors' Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting

Page 1 of 9

records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
    or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
    sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
    misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
    collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
    are appropriate in the circumstances Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for
    expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system with
    reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
    disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
    manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 11. Based on our audit we report that the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the Company since the Company is not a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) is not applicable.
- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
  - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act:
  - On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2023 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure "B" wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2023;
    - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2023.;
    - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023;
    - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
      - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner

Page 3 of 9

whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2023.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 requires all companies which use accounting software for maintaining their books of account, to use such an accounting software which has a feature of audit trail, with effect from the financial year beginning on 1 April 2023 and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended) is not applicable for the current financial year.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 23088262BGUUFD4395

Place: New Delhi Date: 08.06.2023 Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of ACME Dhaulpur Powertech Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i)(a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and right of use assets
- (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b)The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment and right of use assets under which the assets are physically verified in a phased manner over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) The title deeds pertaining to those immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use assets during the year. Further, the Company does not hold any intangible assets.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The Company does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(a)&(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) The Company has not provided loans or guarantees to others. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii)(a),(b),(c),(d),(e)&(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 of the Act. As the Company is engaged in providing infrastructural facilities as specified in Schedule VI of the Act, provisions of section 186 except sub-section (1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sub section (1) of section 186 in respect of investments, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/business activity. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.

(viii)(a)In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in subclause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.
- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, short term funds raised during the year has not been used for long term purpose.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made preferential placement of equity shares and compulsory convertible debentures, In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Act and rules made thereunder with respect to the same. Whereas during the year as per Section 2 (30), 62, 71 and other applicable provisions the Company has issued and allotted Optionally Convertible debentures and equity shares in consideration of conversion of part of unsecured loans.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
- (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the Act.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to have an internal audit system under section 138 of the Act and consequently, does not have an internal audit system. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 0.33 million during the current year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not fulfill the criteria as specified under section 135(1) of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 23088262BGUUFD4395

Place: New Delhi Date: 08.06.2023 Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of ACME Dhaulpur Powertech Private Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

## Responsibilities of Management for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are

Page 8 of 9

recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 23088262BGUUFD4395

Place: New Delhi Date: 08.06.2023

### **ACME Dhaulpur Powertech Private Limited** CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707 Balance sheet as at 31 March 2023

| Particulars  Assets Non current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets | Notes | 31 March 2023      | 31 March 202   |
|--|-------|--------------------|----------------|
| Non current assets<br>Property, plant and equipment<br>Right-of-use assets               |       |                    |                |
| Property, plant and equipment<br>Right-of-use assets                                     |       |                    |                |
| Right-of-use assets  |       |                    |                |
|  | 3     | 37.17              | 33.93          |
|  | 4     | 394.40             | 311.44         |
| Capital work-in-progress   | 5     | 1,316.78           | 393.69         |
| Deferred tax assets (net)  | 6     | -                  | 0.15           |
| Other non current assets   | 7     | 2,668.04           | 1,324.11       |
| Total non current assets   |       | 4,416.39           | 2,063.32       |
| Current assets   |       |                    |                |
| Financial assets   |       |                    |                |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 8     | 689.43             | 0.60           |
| Other financial assets   | 9     | 2.85               | 2.85           |
| Other current assets   | 10    | 115.81             | 75.70          |
| Total current assets   | 13.70 | 808.09             | 79.15          |
| Total assets   |       | 5,224.48           | 2,142.47       |
| Total assets   |       | 3,44,40            | 2,142.47       |
| Equity and liabilities   |       |                    |                |
| Equity   |       |                    |                |
| Equity share capital   | 11    | 1,672.85           | 0.10           |
| Other equity   | 12    | 291.95<br>1,964.80 | (15.32         |
|  |       | 1,704.00           | (13.22         |
| Non current liabilities  |       |                    |                |
| Financial liabilities  |       |                    |                |
| Long term borrowings   | 13    | 2,791.20           | 200            |
| Lease liabilities  | 4     | 265.00             | 256.35         |
| Provisions   | 14    | 0.03               | 0.08           |
| Deferred tax liabilities (net)   | 6     | 102.92             |                |
| Total non current liabilities  |       | 3,159.15           | 256.43         |
| Current liabilities  |       |                    |                |
| Financial liabilities  |       |                    |                |
| Short term borrowings  | 15    |                    | 1,575.98       |
| Lease liabilities  | 4     | 27.26              | 38.10          |
| Trade payables   |       |                    |                |
| Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises                        | 16    | 0.27               | 0.54           |
| Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises   | 10    | -                  | ( <del>-</del> |
| Other financial liabilities  | 17    | 42.13              | 281.06         |
| Provisions   | 18    | 0.14               | (#3            |
| Current tax liability (Net)  | 19    | 0.13               | -              |
| Other current liabilities  | 20    | 30.60              | 5.58           |
| Total current liabilities  |       | 100.53             | 1,901.26       |
| Total equity and liabilities   |       | 5,224.48           | 2,142.47       |

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 08 June 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chellappa Chakrapani Director

DIN No. 07915911

Place: Gurugram

Date: 08 June 2023

Surbhi Arora Company Secretary Membership No. A71551

Place: Gurugram Date: 08 June 2023

Mamta Tyagi Director

DIN No. 08526953



Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2023

|  |       | In Rs. million u                    | unless otherwise stated          |
|--|-------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Particulars  | Notes | For the year ended<br>31 March 2023 | For the year ended 31 March 2022 |
| Revenue  | U.A.  | - ×                                 |                                  |
| Other income   | 21    | 0.01                                | -                                |
| Total revenue  |       | 0.01                                |                                  |
| Expenses   |       |                                     |                                  |
| Finance costs  | 22    | 10 E                                | 0.01                             |
| Other expenses   | 23    | 0.11                                | 0.24                             |
| Total expense  |       | 0.11                                | 0.25                             |
| Loss before tax  |       | (0.10)                              | (0.25)                           |
| Tax expense  | 6     |                                     |                                  |
| Current tax expense  |       | 0.23                                | ≅                                |
| Deferred tax (credit)/ expense   |       | (0.29)                              | 0.07                             |
| Total tax (credit)/ expense  |       | (0.06)                              | 0.07                             |
| Loss for the year  |       | (0.04)                              | (0.32)                           |
| Other comprehensive income   |       |                                     |                                  |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss                       |       |                                     |                                  |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans                                      |       | 0.04                                | 0.03                             |
| Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss |       | (0.01)                              | (0.01)                           |
| Other comprehensive income   |       | 0.03                                | 0.02                             |
| Total comprehensive loss   |       | (0.01)                              | (0.30)                           |
| Earnings/ (loss) per share   | 28    |                                     |                                  |
| Basic loss per share (in Rs.)  |       | (0.01)                              | (32.00)                          |
| Diluted loss per share (in Rs.)  |       | (0.01)                              | (32.00)                          |
|  |       |                                     |                                  |

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 08 June 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chellappa Chakrapani

Director

1-38

DIN No. 07915911

Place: Gurugram
Date: 08 June 2023

Surbhi Arora Company Secretary Membership No. A71551

Place: Gurugram
Date: 08 June 2023

Mamta Tyagi

Director

DIN No. 08526953



Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2023

|   | In Rs. million unless otherwise stat |                    |  |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Particulars   | For the year ended                   | For the year ended |  |
|   | 31 March 2023                        | 31 March 2022      |  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  |                                      |                    |  |
| Loss before tax   | (0.10)                               | (0.25)             |  |
| Adjustments for:  |                                      | 020 200            |  |
| Finance costs   |                                      | 0.01               |  |
| Operating profit/ (loss) before working capital changes   | (0.10)                               | (0.24)             |  |
| Movement in working capital   | W0.1 -50N                            |                    |  |
| Increase in other current and non-current assets  | (24.69)                              | (1,118.27)         |  |
| (Decrease)/ increase in trade payables  | (0.27)                               | 0.18               |  |
| Increase in other current and non-current financial liabilities   | 29.44                                | 447.70             |  |
| Increase in current and non-current provisions  | 0.13                                 | 0.10               |  |
| Increase in other current and non-current liabilities   | 25.02                                | 5.45               |  |
| Cash flows generated from/ (used in) operating activities post working capital change                       |                                      | (665.08)           |  |
| Income tax (paid)/ refund (net)   | (0.10)                               | 0.01               |  |
| Net cash flows generated from/ (used in) operating activities (A)   | 29.43                                | (665.07)           |  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  |                                      | ¥                  |  |
| Payment made for property, plant and equipment (including capital work-<br>in-progress and capital advance) | (2,502.45)                           | (513.46)           |  |
| Interest received   | 1.00                                 | 4                  |  |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities (B)   | (2,501.45)                           | (513.46)           |  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES*   |                                      |                    |  |
| Cost towards issuance of share capital  | *                                    | (14.03)            |  |
| Proceeds from long term borrowings  | 1,600.00                             | ***                |  |
| Proceeds from short term borrowings (net)   | 1,703.92                             | 1,259.10           |  |
| Payment of lease liabilities  | (117.55)                             | (23.24)            |  |
| Finance costs paid  | (25.52)                              | (55.12)            |  |
| Net cash flows from financing activities (C)  | 3,160.85                             | 1,166.71           |  |
| Increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)   | 688.83                               | (11.82)            |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the begining of the year   | 0.60                                 | 12.42              |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year  | 689.43                               | 0.60               |  |
| *Refer note 32 for reconciliation of assets and liabilities from financing activities                       |                                      |                    |  |
| *Refer note 32 for reconciliation of assets and liabilities from financing activities                       |                                      |                    |  |

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 08 June 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chellappa Chakrapani

Director

1-38

DIN No. 07915911

Place: Gurugram Date: 08 June 2023

Company Secretary Membership No. A71551

Place: Gurugram Date: 08 June 2023 Mamta Tyagi

Director

DIN No. 08526953



Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

A Equity share capital

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

| Equity share capital |                               |   |                                | di 183. minion dines                                | s other wise stated            |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Particulars          | Balance as at<br>1 April 2021 | Issue of equity<br>share capital<br>during the year | Balance as at<br>31 March 2022 | Issue of equity<br>share capital<br>during the year | Balance as at<br>31 March 2023 |
| Equity share capital | 0.10                          | -   | 0.10                           | 1,672.75  | 1,672.85                       |

B Other equity

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

|  | Reserves and                            | surplus           |          |  |
|--|---|-------------------|----------|--|
| Particulars                            | Equity component of compound instrument | Retained earnings | Total    |  |
| Balance as on 1 April 2021             | -                                       | (0.99)            | (0.99)   |  |
| Loss for the year                      | 8                                       | (0.32)            | (0.32)   |  |
| Share issue expenses                   | -                                       | (14.03)           | (14.03)  |  |
| Other comprehensive income(net of tax) | -                                       | 0.02              | 0.02     |  |
| Balance as at 31 March 2022            | •                                       | (15.32)           | (15.32)  |  |
| Loss for the year                      | -                                       | (0.04)            | (0.04)   |  |
| Converted during the year              | 410.63                                  | -                 | 410.63   |  |
| Tax impact on above                    | (103.35)                                | s <b>=</b> s      | (103.35) |  |
| Other comprehensive income(net of tax) | s=                                      | 0.03              | 0.03     |  |
| Balance as at 31 March 2023            | 307.28                                  | (15.33)           | 291.95   |  |

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 08 June 2023 1-38

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chellappa Chakrapani

Director

DIN No. 07915911

Place: Gurugram

Date: 08 June 2023

Surbhi Arora

Company Secretary

Membership No. A71551

Place: Gurugram Date: 08 June 2023 Mamta Tyagi

Director

DIN No. 08526953



### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 1. i) Corporate information

ACME Dhaulpur Powertech Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 20 September 2018 under Companies Act, 2013. The entity is engaged in the business of establishing, commissioning, setting up, operating and maintaining power generation using solar, fossil and alternate source of energy and act as owners, manufacturing, engineers, procurers, buyers, sellers, distributors, dealers and contractors for setting up of power plant using glass bases mirrors, photo voltaic, boilers, turbines and/or other equipments for generating, distribution and supplying of electricity and other products using solar, fossil and alternate source of energy under conditions of direct ownership or through its affiliates, associates or subsidiaries.

The Company owns and operates solar power project with installed capacity of 300 MW in the state of Rajasthan. The project is intended to sell the power generated, under long term Power Purchase Agreement with Solar Energy Corporation of India Limited.

The financial statement have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 08 June 2023.

### ii) Amended Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and interpretations effective during the year

### Ind AS 103 Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The amendment did not have any material impact on financial statements of the Company.

### Ind AS 16 Proceeds before intended use

The amendment specify that an entity shall deduct from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use. The amendment did not have any material impact on financial statements of the company.

### Ind AS 37 Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the amendment did not have any material impact on financial statements of the Company.

### Ind AS 109 Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The amendment did not have any material impact on financial statements of the Company.

## 2. Significant Accounting Policies

## 2.01 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and the relevant provisions of the Act. Effective 1 April 2016, the Company has adopted all the Ind AS and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with 1 April 2015 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Refer 1 (ii) above for certain amendments to the standards which have become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2022. The financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest million except where otherwise indicated.

### Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on a going concern basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair value.

### 2.02 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

### 2.03 Foreign currency translation

## Functional and presentation currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective Company, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate).

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at year-end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at year-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

Foreign currency loans availed for acquisition of property, plant and equipment are converted at the rate prevailing on the due date for instalments repayable during the year and at the rate prevailing on the date of balance sheet for the outstanding loan.





CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 2.04 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the standalone balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption, in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current assets/liabilities include current portion of non-current financial assets/liabilities respectively. All other assets/liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

### Operating cycle

Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### 2.05 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflacts the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortized cost of the financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 2.06 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

### 2.07 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipments are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of items of the property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discount and rebate, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying Property, plant and equipments upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Whenever significant parts of the property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised based on the cost of assets (other than freehold land) using the straight-line method. The useful life of property, plant and equipment is considered based on life prescribed in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in case of power plant assets, where the depreciation is charged on the basis of the relevant tariff regulations based on technical assessment, taking into account the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the assets, the operating condition of the assets, anticipated technical changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support. The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

### 2.08 Leased assets and right of use

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition, the Company assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Company
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract
- the Company has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Company assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

At lease commencement date, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Company, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

### Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

The Company depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Company also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

The Company has presented the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on the face of statement of financial position.

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases. It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 2.09 Impairment of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. All individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's (or cash-generating unit's) carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The date used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Company's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and asset-specific risk factors.

Impairment losses are charged in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Further, impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount. The reversal is limited so that the carrying of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as an ncrease in revaluation.

## 2.10 Financial instruments

### Recognition, initial measurement and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and, except for trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component, these are measured initially at:

- a) fair value, in case of financial instruments subsequently carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- b) fair value adjusted for transaction costs, in case of all other financial instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when the underlying obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

## Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described below.

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- · Financial assets at amortised cost
- · Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- · Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

### 1) Financial assets at amortised cost

## Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

A 'Financial assets' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets carried at amortised cost.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.

#### Trade receivables

The Company applies simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

#### Other financials assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, life time impairment loss is provided otherwise provides for 12 month expected credit losses.

### Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### **Derivative financial instruments**

### Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, cross currency rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

### Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of contract. On the issuance of compound financial instruments, the fair value of liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost (net of transaction costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The equity component is classified under other equity.

### (2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured initially as well as at the end of each reporting date at fair value, recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI).

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payment of principal and interest.

### (3) Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

### 2.11 Income taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income.

### Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year. The amount of current tax payable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria is met. Current Income tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity as the case may be.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and tax base i.e. amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation, deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. A deferred tax liability is recognised in respect of taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss either in comprehensive income or in equity. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments maturing within 90 days from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalent are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 2.13 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligations as a whole. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

Any reimbursement that the Company is virtually certain to collect from a third party with respect to the obligation is recognised as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resource is remote.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed by way of note unless the possibility of outflow is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized.

### 2.14 Employee benefits

### Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for salaries and wages, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salaries and wages, short-term bonus, pension, incentives etc. These are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

### Post-employment benefits plans

The Company provides post-employment benefits through various defined contribution and defined benefit plans.

### Defined contribution plans

The Company pays fixed contribution into independent entities in relation to several state plans and insurances for individual employees. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay contributions in addition to its fixed contributions, which are recognised as an expense in the period that related employee services are received.

### Defined benefit plans

Under the Company's defined benefit plans, the amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service and final salary. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Company, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside. Plan assets may include assets specifically designated to a long-term benefit fund as well as qualifying insurance policies.

The liability recognised in the balance sheet for defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets.

Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in other comprehensive income.

Service cost of the Company's defined benefit plan is included in employee benefits expense. Employee contributions, all of which are independent of the number of years of service, are treated as a reduction of service cost. Net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability is included in the statement of profit and loss. Gains and losses resulting from re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability are included in other comprehensive income.

### 2.15 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

When preparing the financial statement, management makes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

## Provision for income tax and deferred tax assets

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

### Useful lives of depreciable assets

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.





### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

#### Fair value measurement

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

### 2.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### 2.17 Amendment to Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. MCA, vide its circular dated 31 March 2023 has issued Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 to further amend the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as below:

### Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statement

Requirement to disclose 'material accounting policies' instead of 'significant accounting policies' and related guidance included to determine whether the policy is material or not.

## Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Definition of 'accounting estimates' now included in the standard enabling distinction between change in accounting estimates from change in accounting policies.

### Ind AS 12 Income Taxes

Transactions that does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences at the time of initial transaction have now been included in the exemptions for recognition of deferred tax liability and deferred tax assets in case of taxable temporary differences.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of amendments to the aforementioned accounting standards on its financial statements.





## CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

 $Summary\ of\ significant\ accounting\ policies\ and\ other\ explanatory\ information\ for\ the\ year\ ended\ 31\ March\ 2023$ 

### 3 Property, plant and equipment

Details of entity's property, plant and equipment and their carrying amounts are as follows:

|                                  | In Rs. million unless oth | ierwise stated |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Particulars                      | Freehold Land             | Total          |
| Gross block                      |                           |                |
| Balance as on 1 April 2021       |                           | -              |
| Addition during the year         | 33.93                     | 33.93          |
| Balance as at 31 March 2022      | 33.93                     | 33.93          |
| Addition during the year         | 3.24                      | 3.24           |
| Balance as at 31 March 2023      | 37.17                     | 37.17          |
| Accumulated depreciation         |                           |                |
| Balance as on 1 April 2021       | -                         | -              |
| Depreciation charge for the year |                           | =              |
| Balance as at 31 March 2022      |                           | (*)            |
| Depreciation charge for the year |                           | -              |
| Balance as at 31 March 2023      | A                         |                |
| Net block                        |                           |                |
| Balance as at 31 March 2022      | 33.93                     | 33.93          |
| Balance as at 31 March 2023      | 37.17                     | 37.17          |

## 4 Right of use assets and lease liabilities

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right of use assets and lease liabilities and the movements during the year:

| on unless otherwise stated |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Amount                     | iculars   |
|                            | light-of-use assets   |
|                            |   |
| 153.01                     | nce as on 1 April 2021  |
| 292.78                     | Additions during the year                                     |
| (128.34)                   | Disposal/ adjustment during the year                          |
| 317.45                     | nce as at 31 March 2022                                       |
| 99.41                      | Additions during the year                                     |
| (5.50)                     | Disposal/ adjustment during the year                          |
| 411.36                     | nce as at 31 March 2023                                       |
|                            | mulated amortisation  |
| 7.38                       | nce as on 1 April 2021  |
| 7.81                       | rtisation for the year (transfer to capital work in progress) |
| (9.18)                     | Disposal/ adjustment during the year                          |
| 6.01                       | nce as at 31 March 2022                                       |
| 11.04                      | rtisation for the year (transfer to capital work in progress) |
| (0.09)                     | Disposal/ adjustment during the year                          |
| 16.96                      | nce as at 31 March 2023                                       |
|                            | earrying amount   |
| 311.44                     | nce as at 31 March 2022                                       |
| 394.40                     | nce as at 31 March 2023                                       |
|                            |   |

| Particulars   | As at         | As at         |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Tarticulars   | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |
| Opening balance   | 294.45        | 131.97        |
| Add: Addition in lease liabilities during the year  | 99.41         | 286.85        |
| Disposal/ adjustment  | (13.06)       | (121.32)      |
| Add: Interest expense accrued on lease liabilities (transfer to capital work in progress) | 29.01         | 20.19         |
| Less: lease liabilities paid  | (117.55)      | (23.24)       |
| Closing balance   | 292.26        | 294.45        |
| Current   | 27.26         | 38.10         |
| Non-current   | 265.00        | 256.35        |

(i) Total cash outflow for leases for the year ended 31 March 2023 was Rs. 117.55 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 23.24 million) (inclusive of GST).

(ii) Also, refer note 34

(iii) Variable lease payments

The Company does not have any leases with variable lease payments.

(iv) Residual value guarantees

There are no residual value guaranteed in the lease contracts.





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

| - 7 |   |                     |  |  | in Rs. million uni   | ess otherwise stated   |
|-----|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
|     | Particulars   |                     |  |  | As at<br>31 March 2023   | As at<br>31 March 2022   |
|     | Capital work-in-progress Opening balance  |                     |  |  | 393.69   | 79.97  |
|     | Addition during the year*   |                     |  |  | 923.09   | 313.72   |
|     | Addition during the year  |                     |  | 100  | 1,316.78   | 393.69   |
|     | *Refer note 30 for capitalisation of expenditur<br>Capital work in progress ageing schedule as  |                     | nd 31 March 202  | 2  | In Rs. million unle  | ess otherwise stated   |
| -   |   |                     | Amount in C  | WIP for period o   | f  |  |
| 80  | 31 March 2023   | Less than 1<br>year | 1-2 years  | 2-3 years  | More than 3 years  | Total  |
| 9   | Capital work-in-progress  | 923.09              | 313.72   | 27.20  | 52.77  | 1,316.78   |
| - 5 | Total capital work-in-progress  | 923.09              | 313.72   | 27.20  | 52.77  | 1,316.78   |
|     |   |                     | Amount in C  | WIP for period o   | f  |  |
| 8   | 31 March 2022   | Less than 1         | 1-2 years  | 2-3 years  | More than 3 years  | Total  |
| -   | Capital work-in-progress  | 313.72              | 27.20  | 19.00  | 33.77  | 393.69   |
| 1   | Total capital work-in-progress  | 313.72              | 27.20  | 19.00  | 33.77  | 393.69   |
| 6   | Project execution plans are evaluated at each re  | eporting period.    |  |  |  |  |
|     | Deferred tax (liabilities)/ asset<br>Deferred tax assets arising on:  |                     |  |  |  |  |
| 5   | Business losses   |                     |  |  | 0.13   | 0.13   |
| 9   | Capital work in progress  |                     |  |  | 18.72  | 0.81   |
|     | Employees benefits  |                     |  |  | 0.04   | 0.02   |
| 3   | Lease liabilities   |                     |  |  | 79.60  | 77.57  |
|     | Deferred tax liabilities arising on:<br>Right-of-use assets   |                     |  |  | (99.26)  | (78.38)  |
|     | Optionally convertible debenture  |                     |  |  | (102.15)   |  |
| (6  | Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets (net)  |                     |  |  | (102.92)   | 0.15   |
|     |   |                     |  |  | In Rs. million unle  | ss otherwise stated  |
|     |   |                     |  | (Expense)/<br>benefit  | Recognised in other  |  |
|     | 2022-23   |                     | As at  | recognised in  | comprehensive  |  |
| 1   | 20 <u>42-</u> 23  |                     | and the second s |  | The state of the s | As at  |
| - 1 |   |                     | 31 March 2022  | turnous Dangerson  | income/ other  | As at<br>31 March 2023   |
|     |   |                     | 31 March 2022  | statement of   | income/ other<br>equity  |  |
|     | Accete  |                     | 31 March 2022  | turnous Dangerson  | CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR  |  |
| -11 | Assets Rusiness losses  |                     |  | statement of profit and loss   | CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR  | 31 March 2023  |
|     | Business losses   |                     | 0.13   | statement of profit and loss 0.00  | CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR  | 31 March 2023<br>0.13  |
|     | Business losses<br>Capital work in progress   |                     | 0.13<br>0.81   | statement of<br>profit and loss<br>0.00<br>17.91   | equity<br>-<br>-   | 31 March 2023<br>0.13<br>18.72   |
|     | Business losses<br>Capital work in progress<br>Employees benefits   |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02   | statement of<br>profit and loss<br>0.00<br>17.91<br>0.03   | CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR  | 31 March 2023<br>0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04   |
|     | Business losses<br>Capital work in progress<br>Employees benefits<br>Lease liabilities  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81   | statement of<br>profit and loss<br>0.00<br>17.91   | equity<br>-<br>-   | 31 March 2023<br>0.13<br>18.72   |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities   |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57  | 0.00<br>17.91<br>0.03<br>2.03  | equity<br>-<br>-   | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60   |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets   |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02   | 0.00<br>17.91<br>0.03<br>2.03<br>(20.88)   | equity (0.01) -  | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26)  |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)   | 0.00<br>17.91<br>0.03<br>2.03<br>(20.88)<br>1.20   | equity - (0.01) - (103.35)   | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26)<br>(102.15)                                      |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets   |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57  | 0.00<br>17.91<br>0.03<br>2.03<br>(20.88)   | equity (0.01) -  | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26)  |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)   | 0.00<br>17.91<br>0.03<br>2.03<br>(20.88)<br>1.20<br>0.29   | equity - (0.01) - (103.35)   | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26)<br>(102.15)<br>(102.92)                          |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture Total  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15  | 0.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/ benefit  | (0.01) - (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other  | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26)<br>(102.15)<br>(102.92)                          |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)   | 0.00<br>17.91<br>0.03<br>2.03<br>(20.88)<br>1.20<br>0.29<br>(Expense)/   | (0.01) - (103.35) (103.36)   | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26)<br>(102.15)<br>(102.92)                          |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture Total  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15  | 0.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/ benefit recognised in  | (0.01) - (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other comprehensive  | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26)<br>(102.15)<br>(102.92)                          |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture Total  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15  | o.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/ benefit recognised in statement of   | (0.01) - (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other comprehensive  | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26)<br>(102.15)<br>(102.92)                          |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture Total  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15  | statement of profit and loss  0.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss  (0.10)      | (0.01) - (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other comprehensive  | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26<br>(102.15)<br>(102.92)                           |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture Total  2021-22 Assets  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15<br>As at<br>01 April 2021  | o.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/ benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss   | (0.01) - (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other comprehensive  | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26<br>(102.15)<br>(102.92)<br>As at<br>31 March 2022 |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture Total  2021-22  Assets Business losses   |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15<br>As at<br>01 April 2021  | statement of profit and loss  0.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss  (0.10)      | (0.01) - (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other comprehensive  | 0.13<br>18.72<br>0.04<br>79.60<br>(99.26<br>(102.15<br>(102.92<br>As at<br>31 March 2022   |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture Total  2021-22  Assets Business losses Capital work in progress                                      |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15<br>As at<br>01 April 2021  | statement of profit and loss  0.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss  (0.10) 0.81 | equity  (0.01) (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other comprehensive income   | 0.13 18.72 0.04 79.60 (99.26 (102.15 (102.92  As at 31 March 2022  0.13 0.81 0.02          |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture Total  2021-22  Assets Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15<br>As at<br>01 April 2021  | o.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/ benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss (0.10) 0.81 0.03                          | equity  (0.01) (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other comprehensive income   | 0.13 18.72 0.04 79.60 (99.26) (102.15) (102.92)  As at 31 March 2022                       |
|     | Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits Lease liabilities Liabilities Right-of-use assets Optionally convertible debenture  Total  2021-22  Assets Business losses Capital work in progress Employees benefits                  |                     | 0.13<br>0.81<br>0.02<br>77.57<br>(78.38)<br>-<br>0.15<br>As at<br>01 April 2021  | o.00 17.91 0.03 2.03 (20.88) 1.20 0.29 (Expense)/ benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss (0.10) 0.81 0.03                          | requity  (0.01)  (103.35) (103.36)  Recognised in other comprehensive income   | 31 March 2023  0.13 18.72 0.04 79.60 (99.26) (102.15) (102.92)  As at 31 March 2022        |

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

| Effective tax reconciliation   | In Rs. million unle | ess otherwise stated |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| n 2 1  | For the year ended  | For the year ended   |
| Particulars  | 31 March 2023       | 31 March 2022        |
| Loss before tax  | (0.10)              | (0.25)               |
| Applicable tax rate  | 25.17%              | 25.17%               |
| Expected tax benefit [A]   | (0.03)              | (0.06)               |
| Expenses not allowable in determining taxable profit                 | (0.02)              | (0.02)               |
| Impact for changes in tax rates                                      | <b>*</b> **         | 0.01                 |
| Others   | (0.01)              | 0.14                 |
| Total adjustments [B]  | (0.03)              | 0.13                 |
| Actual tax (credit)/ expense [C=A+B]                                 | (0.06)              | 0.07                 |
| Total tax incidence  | (0.06)              | 0.07                 |
| Tax (credit)/ expense recognized in statement of profit and loss [D] | (0.06)              | 0.07                 |
|  |                     |                      |





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

|  | In Rs. million unless | otherwise stated |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| Particulars  | As at                 | As at            |
| raruculars   | 31 March 2023         | 31 March 2022    |
| 7 Other non current assets                         |                       |                  |
| Capital advance from related party (refer note 25) | 2,668.04              | 1,324.11         |
|  | 2,668.04              | 1,324.11         |
| 8 Cash and cash equivalents                        |                       |                  |
| Balances with bank - current accounts              | 689.43                | 0.60             |
|  | 689.43                | 0.60             |
| 9 Other financial assets                           |                       |                  |
| Security deposits                                  | 2.85                  | 2.85             |
|  | 2.85                  | 2.85             |
| 0 Other current assets                             |                       |                  |
| Advance to vendors                                 | 28.93                 | 3.77             |
| Ancillary cost of borrowing                        | 85.83                 | 70.41            |
| Prepaid expenses                                   | 1.05                  | 1.52             |
|  | 115.81                | 75.70            |
|  |                       |                  |





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 11 Equity share capital

|   |                     |          | In Rs. million unless | otherwise stated |
|---|---------------------|----------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Particulars                             | As at 31 March 2023 |          | As at 31 March 2022   |                  |
|   | Number of shares    | Amount   | Number of shares      | Amount           |
| Authorised                              | 185,860,000         | 1,858.60 | 185,860,000           | 1,858.60         |
| Issued and subscribed and fully paid up | 167,284,900         | 1,672.85 | 10,000                | 0.10             |
| Total                                   | 167,284,900         | 1,672.85 | 10,000                | 0.10             |

### 1. Reconciliation of equity capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

|                                    |                    |               | In Rs. million unless | otherwise stated |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| D                                  | For the year ended | 31 March 2023 | For the year ended    | 31 March 2022    |
| Particulars                        | Number of shares   | Amount        | Number of shares      | Amount           |
| At the beginning of the year       | 10,000             | 0.10          | 10,000                | 0.10             |
| Issued during the year             | 167,274,900        | 1,672.75      | •                     | -                |
| Outstanding at the end of the year | 167,284,900        | 1,672.85      | 10,000                | 0.10             |

### 2. Shares held by holding Company

| D-4:1                                |       | As at 31 Mai     | rch 2023 | As at 31 Mai     | rch 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|-------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
| Particulars                          | 0 3 3 | Number of shares | Amount   | Number of shares | Amount   |
| ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited* |       | 167,284,900      | 1,672.85 | 10,000           | 0.10     |

\*including share held by nominee shareholder

3. Number of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the Company

| Particulars                         | As at 31 Ma      | As at 31 March 2022 |                  |           |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|
| rarticulars                         | Number of shares | % Holding           | Number of shares | % Holding |
| ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited | 167,284,900      | 100%                | 10,000           | 100%      |

### 4. Shareholding of Promoter

Shareholding of promoter is as follows:

|                                     |                     | — % Change during |                     |           |            |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------|
| Promoter Name                       | As at 31 March 2023 |                   | As at 31 March 2022 |           |            |
|                                     | Number of shares    | % Holding         | Number of shares    | % Holding | — the year |
| ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited | 167,284,900         | 100%              | 10,000              | 100%      | 0%         |

## 5. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholder.

6. Details of shares issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, alloted as fully paid up by way of bonus issues and brought back during the last 5 years for each class of shares

The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares nor has there been any buy-back of shares in the current year and immediately preceding five years.





### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

|   | In Rs. million unles | ss otherwise stated |  |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|--|
| Particulars   | As at                | As at               |  |
| Farticulars   | 31 March 2023        | 31 March 2022       |  |
| 2 Other equity  |                      |                     |  |
| Equity component of compound instrument                             |                      |                     |  |
| Opening balance   | -                    | <u>~</u>            |  |
| Converted during the year   | 410.63               | =                   |  |
| Tax impact on above   | (103.35)             |                     |  |
| Balances at the end of the year                                     | 307.28               |                     |  |
| Retained earnings   |                      |                     |  |
| Opening balance   | (15.32)              | (0.99)              |  |
| Net loss during the year  | (0.04)               | (0.32)              |  |
| Share issue expenses  | -                    | (14.03)             |  |
| Remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligation during the year | 0.04                 | 0.03                |  |
| Tax effect on remeasurement during the year                         | (0.01)               | (0.01)              |  |
| Balances at the end of the year                                     | (15.33)              | (15.32)             |  |
| Total other equity  | 291.95               | (15.32)             |  |

### Retained earnings

All the profits or losses made by the Company are transferred to retained earnings from statement of profit and loss.

### Other comprehensive income

Remeasurement of defined benefit liability comprises actuarial gains and losses and return on plan assets.

## Equity components of compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of contract. On the issuance of compound financial instruments, the fair value of liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost (net of transaction costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The equity component is classified under other equity.





CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

|   | As at  | As at  |
|---|--|--|
| Particulars   | 31 March 2023  | 31 March 202   |
| Long terms borrowings   |  |  |
| Secured   |  |  |
| Term loan from financial institutions   | 1,589.92   | -  |
| Unsecured   | ,  |  |
| Optionally convertible debenture*   | 1,201.28   | 2  |
| Optionally convertible debentare  | 2,791.20   |  |
| Net of prepaid ancillary borrowing cost of Rs. 10.08 million (31 March 2022 : nil).   | 29171.20   |  |
| *During current year, the Company has issued 160,715,100 optionally convertible debenture (OCDs) of Private Limited in consideration of conversion of unsecured loan amount of Rs. 1,607.15 million. Rate of less than 0.01% from the rate of interest charged by the project lenders. The tenure of OCDs is thirty completion of tenure of OCDs, where these were not redeemed or converted with prior approval of mandatorily converted into equity shares. Any conversion of OCDs in to equity shares of Rs. 10 each shall value of equity share, whichever is higher. | interest shall be float<br>years from the date<br>project lenders, the | ting and always<br>of allottment. (<br>se OCDs shall |
| Provisions  |  |  |
|   |  |  |
| Provision for employee benefits   | 0.01   | 0.0  |
| Provision for gratuity (refer note 27)  |  |  |
| Provision for compensated absences  | 0.02   | 0.0  |
|   | 0.03   | 0.0  |
| Short terms borrowings  |  |  |
| Unsecured   |  |  |
| Loan from related parties (refer note 25)*  | -  | 1,575.   |
| F ( )   | -  | 1,575.   |
| *These are interest free loan and repayable on demand   |  |  |
| Trade payables  |  |  |
| Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note a below)   | 0.27   | 0  |
| Due to others   |  | -  |
|   | 0.27   | 0.   |
| Note:-  |  |  |
| Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act,   | -<br>- 027   | -  |
| The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year  | h 0.27   | 0.   |
| The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year   | s -  | 2.00   |
| The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMEI Act, 2006.  |  |  |
| The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when  |  | × -  |
| the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006  | a  |  |

The above information regarding dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006 has been determined to the extend identified and information available with the Company pursuant to Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006.





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

Trade payable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022

| In R | s. million | unless | otherwise | stated |
|------|------------|--------|-----------|--------|
|------|------------|--------|-----------|--------|

|                          | Outstanding for following periods from the due date of payment |   |                     |    |                   |       |
|--------------------------|--|---|---------------------|----|-------------------|-------|
| 31 March 2023            | Not due Less than  |   | an 1 year 1-2 years |    | More than 3 years | Total |
| Undisputed dues - MSME*  | *  | 0.02                                    | 0.25                | 22 | -                 | 0.27  |
| Undisputed dues - Others | -  | 2                                       | 8 <u>=</u>          | -  | 14                | 2     |
| Disputed dues - MSME*    | -  | -                                       | -                   | -  | -                 | -     |
| Disputed dues - Others   |  | = ===================================== | -                   | -  |                   | -     |
| Total trade payables     |  | 0.02                                    | 0.25                | =  |                   | 0.27  |

|                          | Outstanding for following periods from the due date of payment |                  |           |           |                   |                  |
|--------------------------|--|------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------------|
| 31 March 2022            | Not due  | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | Total            |
| Undisputed dues - MSME*  | 8  | 0.54             | · ·       | 121       | ( <u>F</u> )      | 0.54             |
| Undisputed dues - Others | <i>-</i>   | . <del></del>    | -         | -         |                   |                  |
| Disputed dues - MSME*    |  |                  | -         | -         | 14.0              | 8 <del>2</del> 1 |
| Disputed dues - Others   | =  |                  | (#)       | -         | *                 |                  |
| Total trade payables     |  | 0.54             | (5)       | -         |                   | 0.54             |

<sup>\*</sup>MSME as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

|                                    | In Rs. million unle | ss otherwise stated    |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|
| Particulars                        | As at 31 March 2023 | As at<br>31 March 2022 |  |
| 17 Other financial liabilities     |                     |                        |  |
| Interest accrued on borrowing      | 3.23                | - <del>-</del>         |  |
| Capital creditors*                 | 11 1 <del>2</del>   | 271.60                 |  |
| Other financial liabilities        |                     |                        |  |
| Related parties*                   | 6.78                | 3.47                   |  |
| Other financial liabilities        | 32.12               | 5.99                   |  |
|                                    | 42.13               | 281.06                 |  |
| *Refer note 25                     | 11                  |                        |  |
|                                    |                     |                        |  |
| 18 Provisions                      |                     |                        |  |
| Provision for employee benefits    |                     |                        |  |
| Provision for compensated absences | 0.14                | -                      |  |
|                                    | 0.14                | -                      |  |
| 19 Current tax liability (net)     |                     |                        |  |
| Provision for tax (net)            | 0.13                | -                      |  |
|                                    | 0.13                | -                      |  |
| 20 Other current liabilities       |                     |                        |  |
| Statutory dues                     | 30.60               | 5.58                   |  |
|                                    | 30.60               | 5.58                   |  |





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

|  | in Ks. million     | in Rs. million unless otherwise state |  |  |  |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Particulars                                    | For the year ended |                                       |  |  |  |
| rarucwars                                      | 31 March 2023      | 31 March 2022                         |  |  |  |
| 1 Other income                                 |                    |                                       |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous income                           | 0.01               |                                       |  |  |  |
|  | 0.01               | -                                     |  |  |  |
| Prinance costs                                 |                    |                                       |  |  |  |
| Interest expenses on                           |                    |                                       |  |  |  |
| Other  |                    | 0.01                                  |  |  |  |
|  |                    | 0.01                                  |  |  |  |
| Other expense                                  | W                  | 711 16                                |  |  |  |
| Rates and taxes                                |                    | 0.02                                  |  |  |  |
| Legal and professional fees                    | 0.06               | 0.09                                  |  |  |  |
| Payment to auditors (refer note 'a' below)     | 0.05               | 0.07                                  |  |  |  |
| Bank charges                                   | <b>■</b> 3         | 0.06                                  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.11               | 0.24                                  |  |  |  |
| Note:-   | -                  |                                       |  |  |  |
| a) payment to auditors (inclusive of taxes) as |                    |                                       |  |  |  |
| auditors                                       | 0.05               | 0.07                                  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.05               | 0.07                                  |  |  |  |





## CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 24 Financial instruments

### (i) Fair value hierarchy

Particulars

Financial assets
Other financial assets
Cash and cash equivalents
Total financial assets
Financial liabilities
Borrowings

There are no financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value in these financial statements.

(ii) Financial instruments by category

|   | In             | Rs million unle | ss otherwise stated |
|---|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| a | rch 2023       | 31 Ma           | rch 2022            |
|   | Amortised cost | FVTPL*          | Amortised cost      |
|   | 2.85           |                 | 2.85                |
|   | 689.43         | -               | 0.60                |
| _ | 692.28         |                 | 3.45                |
|   | 2,791.20       |                 | 1,575.98            |
|   | 42.13          | -               | 281.06              |

294.45

2,152.03

0.54

292.26

3.125.86

0.27

\*Fair value through profit and loss

Lease liabilities (including current maturities)

Other financial liabilities

Total financial liabilities

The amortised cost of the financial assets and liabilities approximate to the fair value on the respective reporting dates.

### (iii) Risk management

Trade payables

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the Company is exposed to and how the Company manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

31 M

### (A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

### a) Credit risk management

## i) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

| Asset group     | Basis of categorisation                              | Provision for expected credit loss |
|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Low credit risk | Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets | 12 month expected credit loss      |

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, there have been no defaults on financial assets of the Company by the counterparty. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. There have been no cases of write off with the Company.

|                    |  | In Rs million unles | s otherwise stated |
|--------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| Credit rating      | Particulars  | 31 March 2023       | 31 March 2022      |
| A: Low credit risk | Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets | 692.28              | 3.45               |

### b) Credit risk exposure

## (i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets -

| 31 March 2023             |  |                        | In Rs million unless otherwise stated       |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| Particulars               | Estimated gross carrying amount at default | Expected credit losses | Carrying amount net of impairment provision |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 689.43                                     |                        | 689.43                                      |
| Other financial assets    | 2.85                                       | SEC.                   | 2.85  |





### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

31 March 2022 In Rs million unless otherwise stated

| OI WILL CH MUMM           | AND MIMITORI MILICOS OCNICI WISC SCRICU    |                        |   |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| Particulars               | Estimated gross carrying amount at default | Expected credit losses | Carrying amount net of impairment provision |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 0.60                                       | •                      | 0.60  |
| Other financial assets    | 2.85                                       |                        | 2.85  |

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

### (B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the Company operates.

The Company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting year:

| Particulars          | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Long-term borrowings | 13,594.80     | 10,933.10     |

### Maturities of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments, where applicable.

In Re million unless otherwise stated

| 31 March 2023                     | On demand                             | Less than 1 year | 1 - 5 years | More than 5<br>years | Total    |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------|
| Non-derivatives                   |                                       |                  |             |                      |          |
| Borrowings                        | -                                     | 150.83           | 759.99      | 2,285.39             | 3,196.21 |
| Optionally convertible debentures | 9                                     | -                | 590.79      | 3,686.05             | 4,276.84 |
| Lease liabilities                 | *                                     | 27.03            | 114.61      | 810.66               | 952.30   |
| Trade payables                    | <b>5</b> 1                            | 0.27             | 17          | 1.                   | 0.27     |
| Other financial liabilities       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 38.90            | *           |                      | 38.90    |
| Total                             | -8                                    | 217.03           | 1,465.39    | 6,782.10             | 8,464.52 |

| 31 March 2022               | On demand               | Less than 1 year | 1 - 5 years | More than 5<br>years | Total    |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------|
| Non-derivatives             |                         | 7.               |             |                      |          |
| Borrowings                  | 1,575.98                |                  | -           | -                    | 1,575.98 |
| Capital creditors           | · · · · · · · · · · · · | 271.60           | -           | -                    | 271.60   |
| Lease liabilities           | _                       | 35.67            | 157.98      | 1,153.77             | 1,347.42 |
| Trade payables              |                         | 0.54             |             | -                    | 0.54     |
| Other financial liabilities | _                       | 9.46             | -           | -                    | 9.46     |
| Total                       | 1,575.98                | 317.27           | 157.98      | 1,153.77             | 3,205,00 |

### (C) Market risk

### a) Foreign exchange risk

The Company does not have any foreign exchange risk as there are no foreign currency transactions.

### b) Interest rate risk

### i) Liabilities

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. the Company is exposed to changes in market

### Interest rate risk exposure

interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates.

| Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk: | In Rs million unles | s otherwise stated |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|
| Particulars   | 31 March 2023       | 31 March 2022      |
| Variable rate borrowing   | 1,589.92            | -                  |
| Total borrowings  | 1,589.92            |                    |





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### Sensitivity

Below is the sensitivity of profit or loss and equity changes in interest rates.

| Particulars   | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |  |
|---|---------------|---------------|--|
| Interest sensitivity*   |               |               |  |
| Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points (31 March 2022: 100 basis points) | 15.90         | -             |  |
| Interest rates - decrease by 100 basis points (31 March 2022: 100 basis points) | (15.90)       | -             |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Holding all other variables constant

### c) Price risk

The Company does not have any other price risk than interest rate risk and foreign currency risk as disclosed above.

### Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated **Particulars** 31 March 2023 31 March 2022 2,791.20 1.575.98 Borrowings Trade payables 0.27 0.54 Other financial liabilities 42.13 281.06 689.43 0.60 Less: Cash and cash equivalents 2,144.17 1,856.98 Net debt (A) 1,964.80 (15.22)Equity 1,964.80 (15.22)Total equity (B) Capital and net debt 4,108.97 1,841.76 52.18% 100.83% Gearing ratio (%) (A/B)

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings.





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

## 25 Related parties

I List of related parties as per the requirements of Ind-AS 24 - related party disclosures

**Ultimate Holding Company** 

MKU Holdings Private Limited

Intermediate Holding Company

ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited

**Holding Company** 

ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited

Fellow Subsidiaries (with whom transactions have been made during the year)

ACME Deoghar Solar Power Private Limited

ACME Raisar Solar Energy Private Limited

## II Transactions with related parties and outstanding year end balances

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

|        |   | For the year ended     | For the year ended | For the year ended | For the year ended                    |
|--------|---|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| S.No.  | Particular  | 31 March 2023          | 31 March 2022      | 31 March 2023      | 31 March 2022                         |
|        |   | Intermediate           | Intermediate       |                    | O I ITAGE CIL MOMM                    |
| (A)    | Transaction with related parties*   | Holding and            | Holding and        | Others             | Others                                |
| . 2. 2 |   | Holding Company        | Holding Company    |                    |                                       |
| 1      | Loan converted to equity share capital<br>ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited   | 1,672.75               | -                  | 10-                | *                                     |
| 2      | Loan converted to optionally convertible debentures issued ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited  | 1,607.15               | -                  | ;<br>;-            | -                                     |
| 3      | Purchases<br>ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited<br>ACME Deoghar Solar Power Private Limited<br>ACME Raisar Solar Energy Private Limited  | 948.27<br>-<br>-       | 271.60             | -                  | 5.61<br>2.91                          |
| 4      | Expenses incurred by Company on behalf of ACME Raisar Solar Energy Private Limited  | : <del>.</del>         | ÷                  | ज<br>अ             | 0.02                                  |
| 5      | Receipt of borrowings<br>ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited  | 1,703.96               | 1,463.41           | -                  | * *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** |
| 6      | Repayment of borrowing<br>ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited   | 0.04                   | 204.31             | H                  |                                       |
| 7      | Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited ACME Deoghar Solar Power Private Limited ACME Raisar Solar Energy Private Limited | 0.45<br>2.06<br>-<br>- | 2.74<br>0.09<br>-  | 0.68<br>0.12       | 2.72<br>0.68                          |
| 8      | Capital advance given/ (return) to related party ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited   | 2,531.30<br>(1,187.37) | 1,129.77           | ·                  | -                                     |





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

|            |   | As at           | As at           | As at          | As at           |
|------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| S.No.      | Particular  | 31 March 2023   | 31 March 2022   | 31 March 2023  | 31 March 2022   |
| _          |   | Intermediate    | Intermediate    | 51 Wai ch 2025 | 51 Mai Cii 2022 |
| <b>(B)</b> | Outstanding balances - year end   | Holding and     | Holding and     | Others         | Others          |
| (-)        |   | Holding Company | Holding Company | 3 11010        | Others          |
| 1          | Short terms borrowings  |                 |                 |                |                 |
|            | ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited   | -               | 1,575.98        | -              | 2               |
| 2          | Related party payable   |                 |                 |                |                 |
|            | ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited  | 0.45            | 3               | 5.             | -               |
|            | ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited   | 2.15            | 0.09            | 141            | 2               |
|            | ACME Deoghar Solar Power  | -               |                 | 3.40           | 2.72            |
|            | ACME Raisar Solar Energy  |                 | -               | 0.78           | 0.66            |
| 3          | Capital advance to related party  |                 |                 |                |                 |
|            | ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited  | 136.74          | 1,324.11        |                | ·               |
|            | ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited   | 2,531.30        | -               | -              | -               |
| 4          | Related party capital creditor  |                 |                 | 65             |                 |
|            | ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited   | <u></u>         | 271.60          | 9.1            |                 |
| 4.000.00   | Corporate guarantee given by intermediate<br>Holding Company with respect to borrowings |                 |                 |                |                 |
|            |   | 1 (00 00        | -               |                |                 |
|            | ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited and ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited        | 1,600.00        | -               | -              | ) <u>*</u>      |

<sup>\*</sup> The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

## 26 Terms of borrowings

| Nature of loan                                      | Nature of securities  | Interest rate                    | Tenure of repayment   | Prepayment of loan amount   |
|---|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Nature of loan Term loan from financial institution | Primary security:  a) First charge by way of mortgage on all immovable properties, present and future including the mortgage of lease hold rights on Project Land, details of which is as under:  Area of project land is approx. 1089.28 acres situated at Village Sanwara, Tehsil, Pokhran, District Jaisalmer, Rajasthan.  b) First charge by way of hypothecation on all movable properties, including plant & machinery, machinery spares, equipments, tools & accesories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles, stocks and all other movable assets, and also on book debts, bills, receivables, monies including bank accounts, claims of all kinds and stocks including consumables and other general stores.  c) First charge by way of assignment or creation of security interest including all rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever:  i) in the Project documents, as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time  ii) in the clearances relating to the project  iii) in any letter of credit, guarantee, performance bond provided by any party to the project  iv) all insurance contracts/proceeds  d) Pledge of 100% of promoter contribution.  The shares/instruments shall be free from any restrictive covenants/lien or other encumbrance under any contract/arrangement including shareholding agreement/joint venture agreement/financing arrangement with regard to pledge/transfer of the shares /instruments including transfer upon | Effective interest rate is 9.20% | repayment Moratorium Period: 12 months from SCOD. Repayment Period: 204 structured monthly instalments beginning from | The borrower may prepay the outstanding loan in full or in part, before the due dates for such prepayment, subject to following prepayment premium to be charged on |
| -   | enforcement of this pledge. All the shares/instruments pledged shall be in demat form.  e) Corporate Guarantee from Acme Cleantech Solutions Pvt Ltd and Acme Solar Holdings Pvt Ltd till achievement of following, whichever is later:  i. Achievement of commissioning  ii. Creation and perfection of security  iii. Meeting cost over-run, if any  iv. Achievement of project stabilization (i.e., achieving base case energy generation numbers for immediately preceeding 12 months)  v. Creation of DSRA as per the sanction terms f) Corporate Guarantee for guaranteeing the debt disbursed towards imposition of BCD and hike in GST rates, till the finalisation of requisite compensation/increase in tariff by appropriate commission(s) for PPA as well as PSA, towards imposition of BCD & hike in GST rates and/or infusion of requisite promoter contribution, whichever is later, subject to Lender's satisfaction. At the time of execution of corporate guarantee, the availability of networth shall be reviewed and should be acceptable to REC.  |                                  |   | Jour Powerte  |



### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 27 Employee benefits

### **Defined** contribution

Contributions are made to the government provident fund and family pension fund which cover all regular employees eligible under applicable Acts. The eligible employees and the Company make pre-determined contributions to the provident fund. The contributions are normally based upon a proportion of the employee's salary. The company has transfered in capital work in progress an amount of Rs 0.19 million (31 March 2022: Rs 0.04 million) towards employer's contribution towards provident fund and other funds.

### Defined benefit obligation

Provision for gratuity, payable to eligible employees on retirement/ separation is based upon an actuarial valuation as at the year ended 31 March 2023. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. The commitments are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as at the period end. Gains/ losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted for in the statement of profit and loss as identified by the management of the Company.

### Other long term employee benefits

Provision for unfunded compensated absences payable to eligible employees on availment/ retirement/ separation is based upon an actuarial valuation as at the year ended 31 March 2023. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. The commitments are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as at the period end. Gains/ losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted for in the statement of profit and loss.

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

| Particulars  | Grat          | uity          |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| rarticulars  | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |
| Reconciliation of liability recognised in the balance sheet:               |               |               |
| Present value of commitments   | 0.01          | 0.04          |
| Fair value of plan assets  |               | , <u>-</u>    |
| Net liability in the balance sheet   | 0.01          | 0.04          |
| Movement in net liability recognised in the balance sheet:                 |               |               |
| Net liability as at the beginning of the year                              | 0.04          | -             |
| Net amount capitalised in capital work in progress                         | 0.01          | 0.04          |
| Acquisition adjustment   | n = 1         | 0.03          |
| Remeasurements   | (0.04)        | (0.03)        |
| Net liability as at the end of the year                                    | 0.01          | 0.04          |
| Expenses capitalised in capital work in progress                           |               |               |
| Current service cost   | 0.01          | 0.04          |
| Interest cost  | -             | -             |
| Expenses capitalised in capital work in progress                           | 0.01          | 0.04          |
| Component of defined benefit cost recognised in other comprehensive income | (0.04)        | (0.03)        |

| Particulars                                    | Gratuity      |                  |  |
|--|---------------|------------------|--|
| rarucuars                                      | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022    |  |
| Reconciliation of defined-benefit commitments: |               |                  |  |
| Obligations as at the beginning of the year    | 0.04          | ) <del>=</del> 1 |  |
| Current service cost                           | 0.01          | 0.04             |  |
| Interest cost                                  | - 1           | -                |  |
| Remeasurements- actuarial (gains)              | (0.04)        | (0.03            |  |
| Acquisition adjustment                         | -             | 0.03             |  |
| Obligations as at the end of the year          | 0.01          | 0.04             |  |
|  |               |                  |  |





CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

Breakup of actuarial (gain)In Rs. million unless otherwise statedParticulars31 March 202331 March 2022Actuarial loss on arising from change in demographic assumption--Actuarial loss on arising from change in financial assumption--Actuarial (gain) on arising from experience adjustment(0.04)(0.03)Total actuarial (gain)(0.04)(0.03)

The actuarial valuation in respect of commitments and expenses relating to unfunded Gratuity are based on the following assumptions which if changed, would affect the commitment's size, funding requirements and expenses:

## (a) Economic assumptions

| Particulars                      | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Discount rate                    | 7.36%         | 7.26%         |
| Expected rate of salary increase | 6.00%         | 6.00%         |

### (b) Demographic assumptions

| Particulars  | 31 March 2023 31 March 2            | .022   |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------|
| Retirement age   | 58 years 58 years                   |        |
| Mortality table  | Indian Assured Lives Indian Assured |        |
|  | Mortality (IALM) Mortality (IA      |        |
|  | (2012-14) modified (2012-14) mod    | dified |
| Language and the state of the s | Ult Ult                             |        |

## (c) Sensitivity analysis of defined benefit obligation

| Particulars                                | Gratuity      |               |  |
|--|---------------|---------------|--|
|  | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |  |
| a) Impact of the change in discount rate   |               |               |  |
| i) Impact due to increase of 0.50%         | (0.00)        | (0.00)        |  |
| ii) Impact due to decrease of 0.50%        | 0.00          | 0.00          |  |
| b) Impact of the change in salary increase |               |               |  |
| i) Impact due to decrease of 0.50%         | (0.00)        | (0.00)        |  |
| ii) Impact due to increase of 0.50%        | 0.00          | 0.00          |  |

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawls are not material & hence impact of change not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement & life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.

### (d) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

| Particulars    | G             | Gratuity      |  |  |  |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|
|                | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |  |  |  |
| 0 to 1 Year    |               | -             |  |  |  |
| 1 to 2 Year    |               |               |  |  |  |
| 2 to 3 Year    |               | -             |  |  |  |
| 3 to 4 Year    |               | -             |  |  |  |
| 4 to 5 Year    |               | -             |  |  |  |
| 5 to 6 Year    |               |               |  |  |  |
| 6 Year onwards | 0.0           | 0.04          |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts less than 0.01 million

The contribution expected to be made by the Company during the financial year 2023-24 is Rs. 0.04 million (2022-23: 0.06 million)





### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 28 Earnings/ (loss) per share

Both the basic and diluted loss per share have been calculated using the loss attributable to shareholders of the parent company as the numerator, i.e. no adjustments to loss were necessary.

The reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted loss per share to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic loss per share is as follows:

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

| Particulars  | For the year ended 31 March 2023 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2022 |  |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Loss attributables to owners                                     | (0.04)                           | (0.32)                              |  |
| Number of equity shares  | 167,284,900                      | 10,000                              |  |
| Weighted average number of shares used in basic loss per share   | 7,121,125                        | 10,000                              |  |
| Weighted average number of shares used in diluted loss per share | 7,121,125                        | 10,000                              |  |
| Basic loss per share (Rs.)                                       | (0.01)                           | (32.00)                             |  |
| Diluted loss per share (Rs.)                                     | (0.01)                           | (32.00)                             |  |

### 29 Details of assets pledged

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

| Particulars                   | For the year ended | For the year ended |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1 at ticulats                 | 31 March 2023      | 31 March 2022      |
| Current                       |                    |                    |
| Cash and cash equivalents     | 689.43             | 0.60               |
| Other financial assets        | 2.85               | 2.85               |
| Total                         | 692.28             | 3.45               |
| Non current                   |                    |                    |
| Property, plant and equipment | 37.17              | 33.93              |
| Capital work-in-progress      | 1,316.78           | 393.69             |
| Total                         | 1,353.95           | 427.62             |

## 30 Capitalisation of expenditure

The expenditure incidental to the setting up of the project is included in capital work in progress (CWIP) which is apportioned to the assets on completion of the project and commencement of commercial operations. The Company has capitalised the following expenses to the cost of fixed asset/ capital work-in-progress:

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

| Particulars                                | For the year ended<br>31 March 2023 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2022 |  |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Opening balance                            | 393.69                              | 79.97                               |  |
| Engineering, procurement, and construction | 861.68                              | 276.46                              |  |
| Expenses related to lease liability        | 21.88                               | (3.18)                              |  |
| Legal and professional charges             | 1.69                                | 2.65                                |  |
| Finance cost                               | 6.63                                | 20.19                               |  |
| Amortisation of right of use assets        | 11.04                               | 7.81                                |  |
| Job work                                   | 0.51                                |                                     |  |
| Bidding expense                            |                                     | 0.10                                |  |
| Insurance expenses                         | 14.64                               | 8.32                                |  |
| Rates and taxes                            | 0.50                                |                                     |  |
| Miscellaneous expenses                     | 4.52                                | 1.37                                |  |
| Total                                      | 1,316.78                            | 393.69                              |  |

### 31 Commitments:

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

| III RS IIIIIIOII UIIIESS 0  |               |               |  |
|---|---------------|---------------|--|
| Particulars   | As at         | As at         |  |
| 1 at uculais  | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |  |
| Commitment for engineering, procurement, and construction contracts | 12,951.96     |               |  |
| Total   | 12,951.96     |               |  |





### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 32 Reconciliation of assets & liabilities from financing activities

| T-    | The. |            | 1       | otherwise | 4 4 7  |
|-------|------|------------|---------|-----------|--------|
| 11.88 | 16.5 | RESERVEDAS | THATESE | DIDELMISE | CISTON |

| Particulars (FY 2022-23)         | As at         | Cash flows |          | Non cash changes | As at         |  |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------------|----------|------------------|---------------|--|
| Faruculars (F 1 2022-23)         | 31 March 2022 | Additions  | Payments | Non cash changes | 31 March 2023 |  |
| Long-term borrowings             | -             | 1,600.00   |          | (10.08)          | 1,589.92      |  |
| Optionally convertible debenture |               |            | .ms      | 1,201.28         | 1,201.28      |  |
| Short-term borrowings (net)      | 1,575.98      | 1,703.92   | 20       | (3,279.90)       | -             |  |
| Interest accrued on borrowings   | -             |            |          | 3.23             | 3.23          |  |
| Lease liabilities                | 294.45        | -          | (117.55) | 115.36           | 292.26        |  |
| Finance cost paid                | (70.41)       | -          | (25.52)  | 10.10            | (85.83)       |  |
| Total                            | 1,800.02      | 3,303.92   | (143.07) | (1,960.01)       | 3,000.86      |  |

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

| Particulars (FY 2021-22)    | As at   | Cash flows |          | Manager          | As at         |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------|----------|------------------|---------------|
|                             |         | Additions  | Payments | Non cash changes | 31 March 2022 |
| Short-term borrowings (net) | 316.88  | 1,259.10   | -        | -                | 1,575.98      |
| Lease liabilities           | 131.97  | 2          | (23.24)  | 185.72           | 294.45        |
| Finance cost paid           | (15.30) | -          | (55.12)  | 0.01             | (70.41)       |
| Total                       | 433.55  | 1,259.10   | (78.36)  | 185.73           | 1,800.02      |

### 33 Additonal regulatory disclosure

(A) The following are analytical ratios for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022

| Particular  | Numerator                               | Denominator                                 | 31 March 2023  | 31 March 2022  | Variance       |
|---|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| (a) Current ratio   | Current assets                          | Current liabilities                         | 8.04           | 0.04           | 19208.77% ^    |
| (b) Debt equity ratio   | Total Debt                              | Shareholders equity                         | 1.42           | (103.52)       | 101.37% *      |
| (c) Debt service coverage ratio<br>(refer point 1 below)          | Earnings available for debt service     | Debt Service                                | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| (d) Retun on equity ratio (%)                                     | Net Profits after<br>taxes – Preference | Average<br>Shareholder's Equity             | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| (e) Inventory turnover ratio                                      | Dividend (if any)<br>Net Sales          | Avg. Inventory                              | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| (f) Trade receivable turnover ratio                               | Net Credit Sales                        | Avg. Accounts Receivable & Unbilled revenue | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| g) Trade payable turnover ratio                                   | Net Sales                               | Avg. Accounts Payables                      | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| (h) Net capital turnover ratio                                    | Net Sales                               | Working Capital                             | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| (i) Net profit ratio (%)  | Net profit                              | Net sales                                   | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| (j) Return on capital employed ratio (%)<br>(refer point 2 below) | Earning before interest and taxes       | Capital Employed                            | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| (k) Return on investment ratio (%)                                | Income generated from invested funds    | Average invested funds in treasury          | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
|   |   | investments                                 |                |                |                |

<sup>^</sup> Decrease in short term borrowings leads to decrease in current liability and hence corresponding increasing in current ratio.

Above mentioned ratios from (c) to (k) are not applicable as the Company has not started repayment of borrowing and plant has not yet commissioned. Notes:

### Other explanatory points

1 Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.

Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments

"Net Profit after tax" means reported amount of "Profit / (loss) for the period" and it does not include items of other comprehensive income.

- 2 Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability
- B) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.
- C) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction, which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies, beyond the statutory period prescribed
- D) The Company has not entered into any transaction which has not been recorded in the books of account, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act,





<sup>\*</sup>During the year increase in equity resulting into increase in the ratio.

### CIN-U40300HR2018PTC096707

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

- E) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- F) The Company does not have any Benami property and further, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company, in this regard.
- G) The Company has not entered into any transactions with struck off companies, as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.
- H) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- 1) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
  - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

#### 34 Ind AS 116 - Leases

The Company has lease agreement usually for a period of 29 years and 11 months with individuals for land. With the exception of short-term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The Company classifies its rightof-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Company to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Company. The Company is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security.

### (a) Lease payments not included in measurement of lease liability

The Company did not entered into any lease arrangements which are either of low value or are considered as short term leases,

### (b) Information about extension and termination options

The lease agreement provide options for extension to the Company if power purchase agreement is extended.

### 35 Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in the business of sale of electricity. Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews the financial information of the Company as a whole for decision-making and accordingly the Company has a single reportable segment. All the revenue has been billed to a single customer. Further, the operations of the Company are limited within one geographical segment. Hence no further disclosure is required to be made by the Company.

- 36 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary to confirm to current year's classification. Such reclassification did not have any impact on the current year financial statements.
- 37 Certain amounts (currency value or pecentages) shown in the various tables and paragraphs included in the financial statements have been rounded off or truncated as deemed appropriate by company.

## 38 Subsequent event

The Company evaluated events and transactions, which occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the date when financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent event which were required to be disclosed.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi

Date: 08 June 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chellappa Chakrapani

Director

DIN No. 07915911

Place: Gurugram

Date: 08 June 2023

Surbhi Arora

Company Secretary

Mamta Tyagi

Director

DIN No. 08526953

Pow,

Place: Gurugram Date: 08 June 2023

Membership No. A71551