Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013
21st Floor, DLF Square,
Jacaranda Marg, DLF Phase II,
Gurugram, Haryana 122002

S. Tekriwal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 009612N
B4/237, LGF,
Safdariung Enclave.

New Delhi 110029

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. Other information does not include
the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Directors' Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles

generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for
 expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system with
 reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 11. Based on our audit we report that the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the Company since the Company is not a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) is not applicable.
- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2022 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2022;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2022;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022;
 - iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 31(h) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 31(i) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether

recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2022.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

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Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.:503843

UDIN: 22503843ALZAWU1604

Place: Gurugram

Date: 30 June 2022

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No.: 088262

UDIN: 22088262ALZAWD9685

Place: New Delhi Date: 30 June 2022

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and right of use assets.
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment and right of use assets under which the assets are physically verified in a phased manner over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, certain property, plant and equipment and right of use assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties comprising of freehold land as disclosed under property, plant and equipment in the financial statements (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), which have been pledged as security towards loan availed by the Company, are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use assets during the year. Further, the Company does not hold any intangible assets.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii)(a) The Company does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during any point of time of the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) The Company has not made any investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs) or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 of the Act. As the Company is engaged in providing infrastructural facilities as specified in Schedule VI of the Act, provisions of section 186 except sub-section (1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 186 in respect of investments, as applicable.

In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits)

(v)

Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (vi) The Central Government has specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act in respect of the products of the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in subclause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of term loans during the year and there has been no utilisation during the current year of the term loans obtained by the Company during any previous years. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any funds on short term basis during the year or in any previous year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix) (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
 - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as required under section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs. 72.03 million in the current financial year but had not incurred cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities,

other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any unspent amount in respect of any ongoing or other than ongoing project as at the expiry of the financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.:503843

UDIN: 22503843ALZAWU1604

Place: Gurugram

Date: 30 June 2022

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No.: 088262

UDIN: 22088262ALZAWD9685

Place: New Delhi Date: 30 June 2022

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.:503843

UDIN: 22503843ALZAWU1604

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 June 2022 For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No.: 088262

UDIN: 22088262ALZAWD9685

Place: New Delhi Date: 30 June 2022 ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809 Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

			ınless otherwise stated	
Particulars	Notes	As at	As at	
Farticulars	Notes	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Assets				
Non-current assets		Managare record		
Property, plant and equipment	3	3,116.27	3,330.97	
Deferred tax assets (net)	4		18.12	
Non current tax assets (net)	5 .	2.24	10.72	
Total non- current assets		3,118.51	3,359.81	
Current assets				
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	6	649.95	367.03	
Cash and cash equivalents	7	70.32	203.15	
Other bank balances	8	15.14	150.04	
Other financial assets	9	62.53	12.12	
Other current assets	10	1.50	1.41	
Total current assets		799.44	733.75	
Total assets		3,917.95	4,093.56	
		A	***************************************	
Equity and liabilities				
Equity		naman name	SACCOTO SACTOR	
Equity share capital	11	20.80	20.80	
Instrument entirely in the nature of equity	12	477.47	477.47	
Other equity	13	294.14	442.14	
a a		792.41	940.41	
Non-current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Long term borrowings	14	2,181.96	2,374.88	
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	4 -	170.07	_	
Total non- current liabilities		2,352.03	2,374.88	
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Short term borrowings	15	486.99	486.82	
Trade payables				
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	16	0.28	0.10	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	10	0.07	1.45	
Other financial liabilities	17	285.83	289.47	
Other current liabilities	18	0.34	0.43	
Total current liabilities		773.51	778.27	
Total equity and liabilities	-	3,917.95	4,093.56	
Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are				
integral part of financial statements.	1-34			

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

As per our report of even date attached

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deepak Mittal Partner

Membership No. 503843

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 June 2022 Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 30 June 2022 Pankaj Saxena

Director

DIN No. 06874650

Place: Gurugram
Date: 30 June 2022

Rajesh Sodhi Director

DIN No. 06990425

Place: Gurugram
Date: 30 June 2022





CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended for the year ended 31 March 2022

	0	In Rs. million	unless otherwise stated
Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	19	545.98	560.14
Other income	20	9.06	14.05
Total revenue		555.04	574.19
Expenses			
Finance costs	21	280.92	284.36
Depreciation expense	22	214.70	214.70
Other expenses	23	25.35	24.82
Total expense		520.97	523.88
Profit before tax		34.07	50.31
Tax expense			
Current tax (credit)/ expenses		(6.12)	6.26
Deferred tax expense		188.19	5.87
Total tax expense		182.07	12.13
(Loss)/ profit for the year		(148.00)	38.18
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income		(148.00)	38.18
Earnings per share	27		
Basic (loss)/ earnings per share		(36.37)	9.38
Diluted (loss)/ earnings per share		(36.37)	9.38

integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No. 503843

Place: Gurugram

Date: 30 June 2022

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi

Date: 30 June 2022

Director DIN No. 06874650

1-34

Place: Gurugram

Pankaj Saxena

Date: 30 June 2022

Director

DIN No. 06990425

Place: Gurugram

Date: 30 June 2022





For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

eatement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022		
,	In Rs. million	unless otherwise stated
West of the second seco	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	34.07	50.31
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	214.70	214.70
Finance costs	280.92	284.36
Interest income	(9.06)	(12.74)
Labilities no longer written back	-	(0.03)
Operating profit before working capital changes	520.63	536.60
Movement in working capital		
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables	(282.92)	116.52
(Increase)/ decrease in other current and non-current financial assets	(50.41)	1.12
Increase in other current and non-current assets	(0.09)	(0.72)
(Decrease)/ increase in trade payables	(1.20)	0.16
Increase in other current and non-current financial liabilities	0.57	0.93
(Decrease)/ increase in other current and non-current liabilities	(0.09)	0.32
Cash flows generated from operating activities post working capital changes	186.49	654.93
Income tax refund/(paid) (net)	17.08	(1.00)
Net cash flows generated from operating activities (A)	203.57	653.93
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	7.58	11.60
Proceeds from/ (investment in) fixed deposits with remaining maturity for more than 3	133.90	(148.90)
months and less than 12 months	141.48	(137.30)
Net cash flows from / (used in) investing activities (B)	141.40	(137.30)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES*	// O / OF	// o / oo
Repayment of long term borrowings	(194.87)	(194.88)
Finance costs paid	(283.01)	(285.69)
Net cash flows (used in) financing activities (C)	(477.88)	(480.57)
(Decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(132.83)	36.06
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	203.15	167.09
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	70.32	203.15

^{*}Refer note 29 for reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal Partner

Membership No. 503843

Place: Gurugram
Date: 30 June 2022

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 30 June 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pankaj Saxena

Director

1-34

DIN No. 06874650

Director DIN No.

DIN No. 06990425

Rajesh Sodhi

Place: Gurugram

Date: 30 June 2022

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 June 2022





ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

A Equity share capital

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Balance as at 1 April 2020	Issue of equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2021	Issue of equity share capital during the period	Balance as at 31 March 2022
Equity share capital	20.80		20.80	-	20.80

B Instrument entirely in the nature of equity

	- J				
D- 41 - 1	Balance as at	Issued during the	Balance as at	Issued during the	Balance as at
Particulars	1 April 2020	year	31 March 2021	period	31 March 2022
Compulsorily convertible debentures	477.47		477.47	-	477.47

C Other equity

	Reserve and	Al .		
Particulars	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Total	
Balance as at 1 April 2020	476.16	(72.20)	403.96	
Profit for the year	-	38.18	38.18	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	476.16	(34.02)	442.14	
Loss for the year	-	(148.00)	(148.00)	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	476.16	(182.02)	294.14	

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

1-34

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No. 503843

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 June 2022 Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi

Date: 30 June 2022

Pankaj Saxena

Director

DIN No. 06874650

Rajesh Sodhi

Director

DIN No. 06990425

Place: Gurugram

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 June 2022

Date: 30 June 2022



CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

1. i) Corporate information

Acme Solar Power Technology Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 18 June 2015 under Companies Act, 2013. The entity is engaged in the business of establishing, commissioning, setting up, operating and maintaining power generation using solar, fossil and alternate source of energy and act as owners, manufacturing, engineers, procurers, buyers, sellers, distributors, dealers and contractors for setting up of power plant using glass bases mirrors, photo voltaic, boilers, turbines and/or other equipments for generating, distribution and supplying of electricity and other products using solar, fossil and alternate source of energy under conditions of direct ownership or through its affiliates, associates or subsidiaries.

On 1 July 2020, ACME Solar Holdings Limited ('Intermediate Holding Company") got converted from Public Limited Company to Private Limited Company, resulting in change in status of Intermediate Holding Company and its subsidiaries companies to private company. Consequently, effective from 1 July 2020, status of the Company was also changed to Private Limited Company.

The Company owns and operates with installed capacity of 50 MW in the state of Telengana. The project is intended to sell the power generated, under long term Power Purchase Agreement with Southern Power Disctribution Company of Telengana Limited.

The Company does not have any employees on the payroll, for which Company has entered into an agreement for operation and maintenance of the project including administrative and financial reporting services.

The financial statement have been authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 June 2022.

ii) Amended Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and interpretations effective during the year

Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments; Ind AS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosures and Ind AS 116 Leases (amendments related to Interest Rate Benchmark Reform)

The amendment to Ind AS 109, provides a practical expedient for assessment of contractual cash flow test, which is one of the criteria for being eligible to measure a financial asset at amortized cost, for the changes in the financial assets that may arise as a result of Interest Rate Benchmark Reform. An additional temporary exception from applying hedge accounting is also added for Interest Rate Benchmark Reform.

The amendment to Ind AS 107, clarifies the certain additional disclosures to be made on account of Interest Rate Benchmark Reform:

- (i) the nature and extent of risks to which the entity is exposed arising from financial instruments subject to interest rate benchmark reform;
- (ii) the entity's progress in completing the transition to alternative benchmark rates, and how the entity is managing the transition;
- (iii) the instruments exposed to benchmark reform disaggregated by significant interest rate benchmark along with qualitative information about the financial instruments that are yet to transition to alternative benchmark rate;
- (iv) changes to entity's risk management strategy.

The amendments introduced a similar practical expedient in Ind AS 116. Accordingly, while accounting for lease modification i.e. remeasuring the lease liability, in case this is required by interest rate benchmark reform, the lessee will use a revised discount rate that reflects the changes in the interest rate.

Ind AS 116 Leases (amendment related to rent concessions arising due to COVID-19 pandemic)

The amendment to Ind AS 116 Leases extended the practical expedient introduced for financial year 2020-21 related to rent concessions arising due to Covid-19 pandemic, that provides an option to the lessee to choose that rent concessions for lease payments due on or before 30 June 2022 (from erstwhile notified date of 30 June 2021), arising due to COVID-19 pandemic ('COVID-19 rent related concessions') need not be treated as lease modification. The amendment did not have any material impact on financial statements of the Company.

Amendments consequent to issue of Conceptual Framework for Financial reporting under Ind AS (Conceptual Framework)

- (i) Ind AS 102 Share Based Payments Amended the definition of 'liabilities' to 'a present obligation of the entity to transfer an economic resource as a result of past events'.
- (ii) Ind AS 103 Business Combinations The MCA clarified that for the purpose of this Ind AS, acquirers are required to apply the definitions of an asset and a liability given in the Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with Indian Accounting Standards rather than the Conceptual Framework.
- (iii) Ind AS 114 Regulatory Deferral Accounts The amendment added a footnote against the term 'reliable' used in the Ind AS 114. The footnote clarifies that term 'faithful representation' used in the Conceptual Framework encompasses the main characteristics that the Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with Indian Accounting Standards called 'reliability'. However, for the purpose of this Ind AS, the term 'reliable' would be based on the requirements of Ind AS 8.
- (iv) Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets The MCA clarified that the definition of term 'liability' in this Ind AS is not being revised following the revision of the definition of liability in the Conceptual Framework.
- (v) Ind AS 38 Intangible Assets The MCA clarified that the definition of an 'asset' in this Ind AS is not being revised following the revision of the definition of asset in the Conceptual Framework.
- (vi) Ind AS 106 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources; Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements; Ind AS 8 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and Ind AS 34 Interim Financial Reporting The reference to the Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with Indian Accounting Standards has been substituted with reference to the Conceptual Framework.

The above amendments did not have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company.







CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.01 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and the relevant provisions of the Act. Effective 1 April 2016, the Company has adopted all the Ind AS and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with 1 April 2015 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Refer 1 (ii) above for certain amendments to the standards which have become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. The financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest million except where otherwise indicated.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on a going concern basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair value.

2.02 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

2.03 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective company, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate).

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such uransactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at year-end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at year-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

Foreign currency loans availed for acquisition of property, plant and equipment are converted at the rate prevailing on the due date for instalments repayable during the year and at the rate prevailing on the date of balance sheet for the outstanding loan.

2.04 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the standalone balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption, in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or

- the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current assets/liabilities include current portion of non-current financial assets/liabilities respectively. All other assets/liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating cycle

Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.05 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Sale of Power

Revenue from supply of power is recognised net of any cash rebates, when the power is supplied and units of electricity are delivered as it best depicts the value to the customer and completes satisfaction of performance obligation.

Revenue from sale of power is recognised when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the tariff is fixed or determinable, solar energy kilowatts are supplied and collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue is based on the solar energy kilowatts actually supplied to customers multiplied by the rate per kilo-watt hour agreed to in the respective power purchase agreement (PPAs). The solar energy kilowatts supplied by the Company are validated by the customer prior to billing and recognition of revenue.







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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

Interest Income

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortized cost of the financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.06 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

2.07 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipments are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of items of the property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discount and rebate, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying property, plant and equipments upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Whenever significant parts of the property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised based on the cost of assets (other than freehold land) using the straight-line method. The useful life of property, plant and equipment is considered based on life prescribed in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in case of power plant assets, where the depreciation is charged on the basis of the relevant tariff regulations based on technical assessment, taking into account the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the assets, the operating condition of the assets, anticipated technical changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support. The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

2.08 Impairment of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. All individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's (or cash-generating unit's) carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The date used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Company's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and asset-specific risk factors.

Impairment losses are charged in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Further, impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount. The reversal is limited so that the carrying of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as an increase in revaluation.

2.09 Financial instruments

Recognition, initial measurement and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and, except for trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component, these are measured initially at:

- a) fair value, in case of financial instruments subsequently carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- b) fair value adjusted for transaction costs, in case of all other financial instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when the underlying obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described below. For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- · Financial assets at amortised cost
- · Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- · Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

(1) Financial assets at amortised cost

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

A 'Financial asset' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets carried at amortised cost.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.

Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

The Company applies simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, life time impairment loss is provided otherwise provides for 12 month expected credit losses.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of contract. On the issuance of compound financial instruments, the fair value of liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost (net of transaction costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The equity component is classified under other equity.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured initially as well as at the end of each reporting date at fair value, recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI).

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payment of principal and interest.

(3) Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.







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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

2.10 Income taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year. The amount of current tax payable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria is met. Current Income tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity as the case may be.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and tax base i.e. amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation, deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. A deferred tax liability is recognised in respect of taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss either in comprehensive income or in equity. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments maturing within 90 days from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalent are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.12 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligations as a whole. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

Any reimbursement that the Company is virtually certain to collect from a third party with respect to the obligation is recognised as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resource is remote.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed by way of note unless the possibility of outflow is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized.

2.13 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

When preparing the financial statement, management makes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Provision for income tax and deferred tax assets

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.



CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

Useful lives of depreciable assets

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Fair value measurement

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

2.14 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.15 Amendment to Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact on its financial statements.

Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact on its financial statements.

Ind AS 37 – Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact on its financial statements.

Ind AS 109 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact on its financial statements.







ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

3 Property, plant and equipment

Details of entity's property, plant and equipment and their carrying amounts are as follows:

	, ,	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated		
Particulars	Freehold land^	Plant and equipment	Total	
Gross block		of .		
Balance as at 1 April 2020	307.92	3,682.67	3,990.59	
Addition during the year		=	*	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	307.92	3,682.67	3,990.59	
Addition during the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	307.92	3,682.67	3,990.59	
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as at 1 April 2020		444.92	444.92	
Depreciation charge	-	214.70	214.70	
Balance as at 31 March 2021		659.62	659.62	
Depreciation charge	:=::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	214.70	214.70	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	o <u>w</u> 1.	874.32	874.32	
Net Hock				

307.92

307.92

Balance as at 31 March 2021

Balance as at 31 March 2022

(This space has been intentionally left blank)



3,023.05

2,808.35

3,330.97

3,116.27



⁽i) Refer note 28 for details of assets pledged

[^]The title deeds of all the freehold land are in the name of the Company and are pledged with the lender.

CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

	In Rs. million	unless otherwise stated	
Particulars	As at	As at	
1 at ticulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
4 Deferred tax assets (net)			
Deferred tax assets arising on:			
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	466.58	677.19	
Minimum alternate tax	-	6.13	
Deferred tax liabilities arising on:			
Property, plant and equipment	(636.65)	(665.20)	
	(170.07)	18.12	
Deferred tax assets		18.12	
Deferred tax liabilities	(170.07)		
Deferred tax (labilities) / assets (net)	(170.07)	18.12	
	V .		

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

Particulars (2021-22)	As at 31 March 2021	(Expenses)/ credit recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2022
Assets				
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	677.19	(210.61)	, ex	466.58
Minimum alternate tax	6.13	(6.13)		
Liabilities				
Property, plant and equipment	(665.20)	28.55	-	(636.65)
Total	18.12	(188.19)		(170.07)

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

Particulars (2020-21)	As at 31 March 2020	(Expenses)/ credit recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2021
Assets				
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	540.18	137.01		677.19
Minimum alternate tax	-	6.13	-	6.13
Liabilities				
Property, plant and equipment	(516.19)	(149.01)	- :	(665.20)
Total	23.99	(5.87)		18.12







CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

Effective	tow	reconciliation

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Profit before tax	34.07	50.31
Applicable tax rate*	25.17%	26.00%
Expected tax expense [A]	8.58	13.08
Expenses not considered in determining taxable profit	720 N	(0.33)
Impact of changes in tax rates	173.36	(0.79)
MAT credit reversal	6.13	1 5 .
Earlier year tax	(6.12)	*
Others	0.12	0.17
Total adjustments [B]	173.49	(0.95)
Actual tax expense [C=A+B]	182.07	12.13
Total tax incidence	182.07	12.13
Tax expense recognized in statement of profit and loss [D]	182.07	12.13
	1 10(1 1 1 11 11 77	. T 74 1 1

*The Company has exercised the option under section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961, as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019, while filing return of income for the financial year ended 31 March 2021. Consequently, the Company has applied the lower income tax rates on the deferred tax assets/ liabilities to the extent these are expected to be realized or settled in the future period under the new regime. This has resulted in reversal of net deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 173.37 million (including accumulated MAT credit entitlement charge off of Rs. 6.13 million) to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the current year.





ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

						In Ks. minion une	
Particulars						As at	As at
					- 0	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Non current tax assets (net)						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,550A 198
Advance tax (net of provision)				*	5	2.24	10.73
						2.24	10.72
Trade receivables							
Unsecured, considered good		H				649.95	367.0
Onsociación, consideres good						649.95	367.03
Trade receivable ageing schedule as at	31 March 202	22 and 31 Marc	h 2021			·	
	On	tstanding for f	allowing peri	ods from th	e due date o	of payment	
31 March 2022		Less than	6 months			More than 3	
JI WILL MUM	Not due	6 months	to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	years	Total
Undisputed trade receivable			N			£)	- G.
Considered good		262.29	283.51	104.15	:=0;		649.9
Credit impaired		19 72	(-)	-	170	ě	
Disputed trade receivable							-
Considered goods	(<u>a</u>)	<u>1458</u>	(<u>=</u>)	-	-	24 y	
Credit impaired		Ψ;	(=)		<u>-</u>	Ę	
Total trade receivable		262.29	283.51	104.15		*	649.9
	Ou	tstanding for f		ods from th	e due date	of payment	
31 March 2021	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivable		o months	to 1 years			years	
Considered good	50.11	278.27	38.65			_	367.0
	50.11	270.27	30.03		9.	_	50710
Credit impaired		-		100			12
Disputed trade receivable							
Considered goods	(E)	-	-	-		-	-
Credit impaired	FO 11	278,27	38.65	-			367.0
Total trade receivable	50.11	4/0.4/	38.03		-		307.0
Cash and cash equivalents							
Balances with bank - current accounts						70.32	203.1
						70.32	203.1
Other bank balances							
Bank deposits with original maturity m	ore than 3 mo	onths but less th	an 12 months			15.14	150.0
					5	15.14	150.0
Other financial assets							
Unbilled revenue						62.53	12.1
					9	62.53	12.1
Other assessment aggrets							
Other current assets						0.53	0.4
Advance to vendors							
Prepaid expenses						0.97	0.9
						1.50	1.4







In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

11 Equity share capital

			In Rs. million unless	otherwise stated
The About and	As at 31 Mar	ch 2021		
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised	5,000,000	50.00	5,000,000	50.00
Issued and subscribed and fully paid up	2,080,238	20.80	2,080,238	20.80
Total	2,080,238	20.80	2,080,238	20.80

1. Reconciliation of equity capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

			In Rs. million unless	otherwise stated
	For the year ended 31 March 2022 For the year ended 31			
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
At the beginning of the year	2,080,238	20.80	2,080,238	20.80
Issued during the period/year	er see so	(-	*	-
Outstanding at the end of the period/year	2,080,238	20.80	2,080,238	20.80

	As at 31 Mar	As at 31 March 2021		
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited*	2,080,238	20.80	2,080,238	20.80

^{*}including share held by nominee shareholder

2. Shares held by holding Company

3. Number of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the Company

managa da sano.	As at 31 Mai	As at 31 March 2022		
Particulars	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding
ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	2,080,238	100%	2,080,238	100%

4. Shareholding of promoter

Shareholding of promoter is as follows:

		# Channe			
Promoter Name	As at 31 Marc	As at 31 March 2021		- % Change	
	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding	 during the year
ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	2,080,238	100%	2,080,238	100%	0%

5. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholder.

6. Details of shares issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus issues and brought back during the last 5 years for each class of shares

The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares nor has there been any buy-back of shares in the current year and immediately preceding five years.





CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

		In Rs. million unless otherwise				
	D-4'-1	As at	As at			
	Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021			
12	Instrument entirely in the nature of equity					
	Opening balance	477.47	477.47			
	Issued during the period/year		-			
	Balances at the end of the period/year	477.47	477.47			

Terms and conditions of conversion of Compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)

In earlier year, the Company had issued 1,989,450 compulsory convertible debentures of Rs 240 each to ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited. Rate of interest on CCD shall be floating and always be less than 1% from the rate of interest charged by the lenders i.e Power Finance Corporation(PFC). There shall be a moratorium period of two years for interest accrual and payment, from the date of allotment of CCD or the date of commissioning of the project, whichever is later. These CCD would be converted into equity share at any time at the option of CCD holders and the Company after the expiry of 29 year form the date of allotment. In case no option would be exercised by either of the parties, CCD shall be compulsory converted into equity share on expiry of thirty years from the date of allotment. Each CCD alongwith interest shall be mandatorily converted into 1 equity shares on the date of conversion.

CCD holders have waived the interest accrued on these compulsory convertible debentures for the current year as well as previous year.

13 Other equity

Securities premium			
Opening balance		476.16	476.16
During the year			
Balances at the end of the period/year	=	476.16	476.16
Retained earnings			
Opening balance		(34.02)	(72.20)
Net profit during the year	en	(148.00)	38.18
Balances at the end of the year		(182.02)	(34.02)
Total other equity		294.14	442.14

Securities premium

Securities premium represents premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings

All the profits or losses made by the Company are transferred to retained earnings from statement of profit and loss.







÷					As at	ınless otherwise st As at
Particulars				3.	I March 2022	31 March 2021
Long terms borrowings					March 2022	Ou Ivani Cir Boa
Secured						
Term loan from financial insti	tution*#				2,181.96	2,374
10m rom manem ma	tanon				2,181.96	2,374
*Refer note 25 for terms of borro	winge					
	of Rs. 10.46 million (31 March 20)	21 - Pc 12 41 million)				
Net of ancillary borrowing cost	of Rs. 10.46 million (31 March 20.	21 : Rs. 12.41 mimon)				
Short terms borrowings						
Secured						
Current maturities of long term be	orrowing					
Term loan from financial insti			e , e		192.93	192
Unsecured	tunon'					
Loan from related parties*					294.06	29
Loan from related parties				-	486.99	486
	of Rs. 1.96 million (31 March 2021 repayable on demand (refer note 20			-		
Tue de marcebles						
Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and sma	Il anterprises				0.28	
Due to others	ii chicipiises				0.07	
Due to outers					0.35	
Manage				-		
Note:-	1 and Madium Enterprises Davelon	ment Act 2006 (MSMED Act	2006'):			
Disclosure under the Micro, Smal	l and Medium Enterprises Develop	ment Act, 2000 (MSMED Act,	2000).		11 172	
The principal amount and the inte	rest due thereon remaining unpaid	to any supplier as at the end of e	each accounting year		0.28	
* 1997 -	he buyer in terms of section 16, a	long with the amounts of the pa	ayments made to the supplie	er beyond the	15.1	
appointed day during accounting		"		9.99		
	payable for the period of delay in		been paid but beyond the a	ppointed day	-	
during the year) but without addir	g the interest specified under the N	ISMED Act, 2006.				
		2 2 2				
	d remaining unpaid at the end of ea				14 8	
The amount of further interest re	maining due and payable even in	the succeeding year, until such	date when the interest dues	as above are	*	
The amount of further interest re		the succeeding year, until such	date when the interest dues er section 23 of the MSMED	as above are Act, 2006	1966 1967	
The amount of further interest re	maining due and payable even in	the succeeding year, until such	date when the interest dues er section 23 of the MSMED	as above are Act, 2006	0.28	
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterpris	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure unde	er section 23 of the MSMED	Act, 2006		
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance: t dues to Micro, Small and Mediu	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under ann enterprises as defined under	er section 23 of the MSMED r the Micro, Small and Med	Act, 2006	evelopment Act (MS	MED), 2006 has
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifie	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance and the purpose of disallowance and the second	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under am enterprises as defined under the Company pursuant to Section	er section 23 of the MSMED r the Micro, Small and Med	Act, 2006	evelopment Act (MS	MED), 2006 has
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise The above information regarding determined to the extend identific	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance: t dues to Micro, Small and Mediu	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under am enterprises as defined under the Company pursuant to Section	er section 23 of the MSMED r the Micro, Small and Med	Act, 2006	evelopment Act (MS	MED), 2006 has
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identified. Trade payable ageing schedule as	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance of dues to Micro, Small and Mediu d and information available with the at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 20	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure unde am enterprises as defined under ac Company pursuant to Section 021 Outstanding for	r the Micro, Small and Med 22 of the Micro, Small and r following periods from th	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (M	MED), 2006 has 4SMED), 2006.
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifie. Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediud and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022.	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section 021 Outstanding for Less than 1 year 1-2 year	r the Micro, Small and Med 22 of the Micro, Small and r following periods from the rs 2-3 years	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (M	MED), 2006 has ISMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identified. Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME*	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance of dues to Micro, Small and Mediu d and information available with the at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 20	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25	r the Micro, Small and Med 22 of the Micro, Small and r following periods from th	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (M	MED), 2006 has MSMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identified. Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediud and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022.	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section 021 Outstanding for Less than 1 year 1-2 year	r the Micro, Small and Med 22 of the Micro, Small and r following periods from the rs 2-3 years	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (M	MED), 2006 has 4SMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifie Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - MSME*	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediud and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022.	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25	r the Micro, Small and Med 22 of the Micro, Small and r following periods from the rs 2-3 years	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (M	MED), 2006 has MSMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifie. Trade payable ageing schedule as: 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - MSME* Disputed dues - Others	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance of disallowance of dues to Micro, Small and Mediu disallowance and and information available with the at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 and 31	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure undo an enterprises as defined under the Company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for Less than 1 year 1-2 year 0.25 0.07	r the Micro, Small and Med 22 of the Micro, Small and Professional Pro	dium Enterprises Do Medium enterprises de due date of payn Moi -	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (N nent re than 3 years	MED), 2006 has 4SMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifie. Trade payable ageing schedule as: 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - MSME* Disputed dues - Others	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediud and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022.	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25	r the Micro, Small and Med 22 of the Micro, Small and r following periods from the rs 2-3 years	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (M	MED), 2006 has 4SMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifie. Trade payable ageing schedule as: 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - MSME* Disputed dues - Others	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance of disallowance of dues to Micro, Small and Mediu disallowance and and information available with the at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 and 31	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for Less than 1 year 1-2 year 0.25 0.07	r the Micro, Small and Mec 22 of the Micro, Small and 22 of the Micro, Small and r following periods from the rs 2-3 years 0.02 - 0.02	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises de due date of paym Moi	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (N nent re than 3 years	MED), 2006 has 4SMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifie Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Total trade payables	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediud and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022. Not due 0.01	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the Company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25 0.07 0.32 Outstanding for 0.32	r the Micro, Small and Mec. 22 of the Micro, Small and Mec. 22 of the Micro, Small and r following periods from the Scale Scal	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises de due date of paym Moi	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (N nent re than 3 years	MED), 2006 has ## ASMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifier Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Total trade payables 31 March 2021	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance of disallowance of dues to Micro, Small and Mediu disallowance and and information available with the at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 and 31	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25 0.07 Outstanding for 0.25 0.07	r the Micro, Small and Mec. 22 of the Micro, Small and Profile of the Micro, Small and Micro, Small a	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises de due date of paym Moi	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (N nent re than 3 years	MED), 2006 has 4SMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identifier Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Total trade payables 31 March 2021 Undisputed dues - MSME*	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediu d and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 30 March 2021 and 30 March 2021 and 31 March 2021 and 30 March 2021 and	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the Company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25 0.07 Outstanding for 0.32 Outstanding for 0.32	r the Micro, Small and Mec. 22 of the Micro, Small and Profile of the Micro, Small and Micro, Small a	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises de due date of paym Moi	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (N nent re than 3 years	MED), 2006 has 4SMED), 2006. Total
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identific Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Total trade payables 31 March 2021 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediud and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022. Not due 0.01	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25 0.07 Outstanding for 0.25 0.07	r the Micro, Small and Mec. 22 of the Micro, Small and Profile of the Micro, Small and Micro, Small a	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises de due date of paym Moi	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (N nent re than 3 years	MED), 2006 has 4SMED), 2006. Total (Total (Total (((((((((((((
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identified Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Total trade payables 31 March 2021 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - MSME*	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediu d and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 30 March 2021 and 30 March 2021 and 31 March 2021 and 30 March 2021 and	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25 0.07 Outstanding for 0.25 0.07	r the Micro, Small and Mec. 22 of the Micro, Small and Profile of the Micro, Small and Micro, Small a	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises de due date of paym Moi	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (N nent re than 3 years	Total (
The amount of further interest re actually paid to the small enterprise. The above information regarding determined to the extend identified Trade payable ageing schedule as 31 March 2022 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Total trade payables 31 March 2021 Undisputed dues - MSME* Undisputed dues - Others Total trade payables 31 March 2021 Undisputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others Disputed dues - Others	maining due and payable even in se for the purpose of disallowance is dues to Micro, Small and Mediud and information available with that 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 Not due 0.01 Not due	the succeeding year, until such as a deductible expenditure under the Company pursuant to Section O21 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.25 0.07 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.32 Outstanding for 1-2 year 0.10 Less than 1 year 1-2 year 0.10	r the Micro, Small and Mec. 22 of the Micro, Small and Profile of the Micro, Small and Micro, Small a	dium Enterprises De Medium enterprises de due date of paym Moi	evelopment Act (MS Development Act (N nent re than 3 years	MED), 2006 has ASMED), 2006. Total Total
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0.34

0.43 0.43

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

	In Rs. million	unless otherwise stated
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
a see saysman o	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
19 Revenue from operations		5
Sale of electricity	545.98	560.14
#1	545.98	560.14
20 Other income		
Interest income		
Bank deposits	6.58	12.74
Others	2.48	(1
Labilities no longer written back	-	0.03
Miscellaneous income	27	1.28
700 (Co. 400 (Co. 100	9.06	14.05

Revenue from contracts with customers

Disaggregation of revenue

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers:

2012 February 2012 September 2012 September 2013 Se	In Rs. million unless otherwise state				
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended			
raruculars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021			
(A) Revenue from contracts with customers	6				
Based on nature of goods/services					
Sale of electricity	545.98	560.14			
(B) Other revenue					
(i) Interest income	9.06	12.74			
(ii) Labilities no longer written back	-	0.03			
(iii) Miscellaneous income	<u> </u>	1.28			
Total revenue	555.04	574.19			

b) Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contract with customers:

	In Rs. million u	inless otherwise stated
TO COLUMN 1978	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Receivables		
Trade receivables (gross)	649.95	367.03
Unbilled revenue for passage of time	62.53	12.12
Less: Allowances for doubtful debts	(E)	
Net receivables (a)	712.48	379.15
Contract assets		
Unbilled revenue other than passage of time		-
Total contract assets (b)		-
Contract liabilities		
Advance from customer		*
Total contract liabilities (ç)	<u></u>	-
Total (a+b-c)	712.48	379.15

Contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. Contract liability is the entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration from the customer in advance. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional and contract liabilities are recognized as and when the performance obligation is satisfied.

There are no contract assets and the contract liabilities during the period (31 March 2021: nil), therefore disclosure regarding significant changes in contract assets and contract liabilities is not given.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

c) Performance obligation

The Company's performance obligation is satisfied at a point of time when the units of electricity are delivered as per the terms of the agreement with the customer.

d) Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

In Rs million	unless otherwise stated
	For the year ended 31 March 2021
548.45	562.84
(2.47)	(2.70)
 545.98	560.14
	For the year ended 31 March 2022 548.45

e) Transaction price - remaining performance obligation

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts as the revenue recognised corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed till the reporting period.

f) There is no significant estimate involved in the recognition of revenue from contract.

21	Finance	costs
	_	

21 Finance costs		
Interest expenses		
Interest on		
-term loans	257.25	281.97
-others	0.03	-
Amortisation of ancillary cost of borrowings	2.12	2.30
Other borrowing cost	21.52	0.09
	280.92	284.36
22 Depreciation expense		
Depreciation expense Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	214.70	214.70
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	214.70	214.70
23 Other expense		
Operation and maintenance expenses	19.29	18.38
Repairs and maintenance		
Plant and equipment	0.44	1.42
Rates and taxes	0.29	0.29
Insurance	3.71	3.34
Legal and professional fees	0.69	0.99
Payment to auditors (refer note 'a' below)	0.43	0.39
Corporate social responsibility	0.48	-
Miscellaneous expenses	0.02	0.01
Visit and the state of the stat	25.35	24.82
Note:-		4
a) payment to auditors (inclusive of taxes) as		
auditors	0.43	0.39
	0.43	0.39







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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

24 Financial instruments

(i) Fair value hierarchy

There are no financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value in these financial statements.

(ii) Financial instruments by category

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

D 41 1	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
Particulars	FVTPL*	Amortised cost	FVTPL*	Amortised cost
Financial assets				
Other financial assets	-	62.53		12.12
Trade receivable	-	649.95	_	367.03
Cash and cash equivalents	-	70.32	-	203.15
Other bank balances		15.14		150.04
Total financial assets		797.94	(東)	732.34
Financial liabilities		2		
Borrowings	(4)	2,668.95	186	2,861.70
Other financial liabilities	-	285.83		289.47
Trade payables		0.35	P (H)	1.55
Total financial liabilities		2,955.13	(+)	3,152.72

^{*}Fair value through profit and loss

(iii) Risk management

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the Company is exposed to and how the Company manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date

B: Moderate credit risk

C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets	12 month expected credit loss

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, there have been no defaults on financial assets of the Company by the counterparty. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. There have been no cases of write off with the Company.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

		ALL MO INITION CALL	COS CENCE WISC SERVER
Credit rating	Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets	797.94	732.34

b) Credit risk exposure

(i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets -

31 Morch 2022

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	70.32	-	70.32
Other bank balances	15.14	国位	15.14
Trade receivables	649.95	(2)	649.95
Other financial assets	62.53		ver Techo 62.53





The amortised cost of the financial assets and liabilities approximate to the fair value on the respective reporting dates.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

31 March 2021

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	203.15		203.15
Other bank balances	150.04		150.04
Trade receivables	367.03	II	367.03
Other financial assets	12.12	-	12.12

Company's major trade receivables and unbilled revenue are only with, government owned counterparty and are recovery under the power purchase agreements. Therefore, these trade receivables and other receivable from government owned counter party are considered high quality and accordingly no life time expected credit losses are recognised on such receivables based on simplified approach. Any provisions against such receivables are for liquidated damages and not related to credit worthiness of the counterparty. The Company considers that trade receivables are not credit impaired as these are receivable from Government undertaking.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

(B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the Company operates.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments, where applicable.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

31 March 2022	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings (including interest)	294.06	485.66	1,530.03	1,938.57	4,248.32
Capital creditors		199.40	-	2 42	199.40
Trade payables	-	0.35		-	0.35
Other financial liabilities		34.26	=		34.26
Total	294.06	719.67	1,530.03	1,938.57	4,482.33

31 March 2021	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings (including interest)	294.06	510.14	1,611.25	2,289.77	4,705.22
Capital creditors		199.40	<u>.</u>	-	199.40
Trade payables	-	1.55	-	-	1.55
Other financial liabilities	-	33.69	5		33.69
Total	294.06	744.78	1,611.25	2,289.77	4,939.86

(C) Market risk

a) Interest rate risk

i) Liabilities

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. The Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates.



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:	In Rs million unless otherwise stated		
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Variable rate borrowing	2,374.89	2,567.64	
Total borrowings	2,374.89	2,567.64	

Sensitivity

Below is the sensitivity of profit or loss and equity changes in interest rates.

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Interest sensitivity*		
Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points (31 March 2021: 100 basis points)	23.75	25.68
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points (31 March 2021: 100 basis points)	(23.75)	(25.68)

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

ii) Assets

The Company's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the deposits: In Rs million unless otherwise stated

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Fixed rate deposits	15.14	150.04
Total deposits	15.14	150.04

Price risk

The Company does not have any other price risk than interest rate risk and foreign currency risk as disclosed above.

Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Borrowings	2,668.95	2,861.70
Trade payables	0.35	1.55
Other financial liabilities	285.83	289.47
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	70.32	203.15
Net debt	2,884.81	2,949.57
Equity	792.41	940.41
Total equity	792.41	940.41
Capital and net debt	3,677.22	3,889.98
Gearing ratio (%)	78.45%	75.82%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenant and attached to the interest bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings.



ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

25 Terms of borrowings

Term loan Primary security: Term loans from	rities Intere	st rate T	enure of repa	yment		ent of lo ount	CLLI
1. by first charge by way borrower's immovable propertifuture. 2. by first charge by way of hymoveable properties and assets, assets, both present and future, of 3. by first charge on operating creceivables of the borrower. 4. First charge on all bank accounts. Assignment in favour of the titles, interests, benefits, clawhatsoever of the Borrower: a. in the Project Document acknowledged and consented to be parties to such Project Documents. in the Clearances relating to the c. in any letter of credit, guarant corporate guarantee, bank guarantery to the Project Documents d. all Insurance Contracts and Insurance Contracts and Insurance Contracts and Insurance Supplier (if any) relating to Collateral Security: Pledge of 766	of mortgage over all with after three, both present and after three y pothecation of all the and all other movable the borrower. ash flows, book debts, atts of the borrower. Lender, all the rights, aims and demands and demands the project three, performance bond, anter provided by any the project of the	reset struc every insta ears fron insta		quarterly mencing and last Il be il 2034.	Any prepay rupee loan s with prior p at the sole lendor and	ament o shall be ermission discretic compl terms Any shall to any hen due, interest the prin e Rupee	maden and on colliance because the cost and an







CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

26 Related parties

I List of related parties as per the requirements of Ind-AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

Ultimate Holding Company

MKU Holdings Private Limited

Intermediate Holding Company

ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited

Holding Company

ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited

Fellow Subsidiaries (with whom transactions have been made during the year)

ACME Solar Energy Private Limited

II Transactions with related parties and outstanding year end balances

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated

				III AS. IIIIIIOII	umess other wise state
S.No.	Particular	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended
2.140.	rarucular	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(A)	Transaction with related parties*	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Others	Others
1	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company				
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	4.97	0.34		
	ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	0.05	-	-	
2	Operation and maintenance expense				
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	19.29	18.38	-	2

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

S.No.	Particular	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(B)	Outstanding balances - year end	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Others	Others
1	Trade payables ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	0.08	1.45	-	To the
2	Short term borrowings ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited	2.61 291.46	2.61 291.46	#1 #5	
3	Related party payables ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited ACME Solar Energy Private Limited	30.94 0.26	30.68 0.20	- - 0.12	0.12
4	Creditor for capital goods ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	198.20	198.20	-	9

^{*} The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.





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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

27 (Loss)/ earnings per share

Both the basic and diluted (loss)/ earning per share have been calculated using the profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders of the parent company as the numerator, i.e. no adjustments to (loss)/ earning were necessary.

The reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted profit/(loss) per share to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic (loss)/ earning per share is as follows:

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(Loss)/ earning attributable to owners	(148.00)	38.18
Number of equity shares	2,080,238	2,080,238
Weighted average number of shares used in basic (loss)/ earnings per share	4,069,688	4,069,688
Weighted average number of shares used in diluted (loss)/earnings per share	4,069,688	4,069,688
Basic (loss)/ earnings per share	(36.37)	9.38
Diluted (loss)/ earnings per share	(36.37)	9.38

Compulsory convertible debentures (CCD), which are convertible into fixed number of equity share on the date of conversion based upon terms of conversion of CCD, have been considered in the calculation of (loss)/ earnings per share.

28 Details of assets pledged

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

	As at	As at	
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Current	0.000000		
Trade receivables	649.95	367.03	
Cash and cash equivalents	70.32	203.15	
Other bank balances	15.14	150.04	
Other financial assets	62.53	12.12	
Other current assets	0.53	0.44	
Total	798.47	732.78	
Non-current			
Property, plant and equipment	3,116.27	3,330.97	
Total	3,116.27	3,330.97	

29 Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

In Re million unless otherwise stated

					iess otnerwise stated
	As at Cash flows		Non cash changes	As at	
Particulars	31 March 2021	Additions	Payment	Interest expenses	31 March 2022
Borrowing from long-term	2,567.64	/(=)	(194.87)	2.12	2,374.89
Borrowing from short-term related parties	294.06	2 5 .	-	-	294.06
Interest accrued on borrowings	56.38	14	(283.01)	278.80	52.17
Total liabilities from financial activities	2,918.08	4.	(477.88)	280.92	2,721.12

In Rs million unless otherwise stated Cash flows Non cash changes As at As at Particulars Interest expenses 31 March 2021 31 March 2020 Additions **Payment** (194.88) 2,567.64 2.30 Borrowing from long-term 2,760.22 294.06 294.06 Borrowing from short-term related parties (285.69)282.06 56.38 60.01 Interest accrued on borrowings 284.36 2,918.08 3,114.29 (480.57) Total liabilities from financial activities



CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

30 Corporate social responsibilities

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a Company meeting the eligibility criteria, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial year on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. A CSR committee has been formed by the Company as per the Act. The funds were primarily utilized through the year on the activities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013:

Particulars		As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
i) Amount require	d to be spent by the company during the year	0.48	*
i) Amount of expe	nditure incurred*	0.48	-
i) Shortfall at the e	end of the year	-	3 4 (2)
) Total of previou	s years shortfall		-
) Reason for shor	fall	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
i) Nature of CSR a	activities	Child & Youth Development, Education, Energy & Environment,	Not Applicable
i) Details of related	d party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
	ion is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a attack, ation, the movements in the provision during the year	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

31 Additional regulatory disclosures

a) The following are analytical ratios for the year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021:

Particular	Note	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	Variance
(a) Current ratio	(i)	1.03	0.94	9.62%
(b) Debt equity ratio	(ii)	3.37	3.04	10.68%
(c) Debt service coverage ratio	(iii)	0.70	1.12	37.73% **
(d) Retun on equity ratio (%)	(iv)	-17.08%	4.10%	516.23% *
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	(v)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(f) Trade receivable turnover ratio	(vi)	1.07	1.32	-18.48%
(g) Trade payable turnover ratio	(vii)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	(viii)	21.41	(12.90)	265.97% #
(i) Net profit ratio (%)	(ix)	-26.66%	6.65%	501.01%^
(j) Return on capital employed ratio (%)	(x)	9.10%	8.80%	3.39%
(k) Return on investment ratio (%)	(xi)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Reasons for variance

- * Decreased net profit in comparison to previous year due to decrease in power sales in current year resulted into decrease in ratio.
- ^ Decreased revenue from operation and increased average trade receivables resulted into decrease in ratio.
- # Due to increase in trade receivable in comparison of previous year resulted into increase in ratio.
- ** Decrease in turnover resulted into decrease in ratio.

Notes

- Current ratio = Current assets/ current liabilities
- (ii) Debt Equity Ratio = Total Debt/ Shareholders equity
- (iii) Debt service coverage ratio = Earnings available for debt service/ Debt Service (refer point (A) below)
- (iv) Return on Equity = Net Profits after taxes Preference Dividend (if any)/ Average Shareholder's Equity
- (v) Inventory turnover ratio is not applicable to the Company as no inventory is held by the Company.
- (vi) Trade receivables turnover ratio = Net Credit Sales/ Avg. Accounts Receivable
- (vii) Trade payables turnover ratio is not applicable to the Company as the Company is engaged in generation of electricity, hence no significant purchases have
- (viii) Net capital turnover ratio = Net Sales/ Working Capital
- (ix) Net Profit Ratio= Net profit/ Net sales
- (x) Return on capital employed (ROCE)= Earning before interest and taxes/ Capital Employed (refer point (B) below)
- (xi) Return on investment is not applicable to the Company as no investment is held by the Company.







CIN - U40106HR2015PTC055809

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

Other explanatory points

- (A) Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments
- (B) Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability
- b) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.
- c) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction, which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies, beyond the statutory period prescribed
- d) The Company has not entered into any transaction which has not been recorded in the books of account, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income
- e) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- f) The Company does not have any Benami property and further, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company, in this regard.
- g) The Company has not entered into any transactions with struck off companies, as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.
- h) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- i) (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
 - The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

32 Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in the business of sale of electricity. Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews the financial information of the Company as a whole for decision-making and accordingly the Company has a single reportable segment. All the revenue was been billed to a single customer. Further, the operations of the Company are limited within one geographical segment. Hence no further disclosure is required to be made by the Company.

33 Impact of COVID19

Consequent to spread of Coronavirus disease (COVID 2019), the Government of India had announced national wide lock down from 25 March, 2020 which was gradually lifted during the current year. The Company is engaged in provision of essential services and therefore, continues to operate, there has not been a significant impact in this pandemic situation. The Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE) vide its order dated 1 April 2020 has directed the Discoms to pay the electricity dues to the renewable energy generating stations on regular basis as was being done prior to lockdown.

To manage the expected liquidity risk, the Company has increased the review frequency of cash planning. The Company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements including directives/communique issued by CERC and other government agencies, in determining the impact of global pandemic on carrying values of assets and liabilities as of 31 March 2022. While the impact has not been of any significance as of now, the Company is closely monitoring developments, its operations, liquidity and capital resources and is actively working to minimize the impact of this unprecedented situation.

34 Subsequent event

The Company evaluated events and transactions, which occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the date when financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent event which were required to be disclosed.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No. 503843

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 June 2022 For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi
Date: 30 June 2022

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pankaj Saxena Director

DIN No. 06874650

Place: Gurugram
Date: 30 June 2022

Rajesh Sodhi

Director DIN No. 06990425

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 June 2022



